

### 9M 2010 IFRS Results Moderate growth in summer season



Conference Call November 24, 2010

### **Operational background**

Results as planned: NI of RUB mln 397 (+48% qoq).

Gaining market share on core markets even in challenging competition environment...

...observing signs of positive developments in asset quality despite slowdown in loan growth...

...we maintain conservative balancesheet supportive to further growth and profitability recovery > Total loan growth b.p. was 11.5% ytd vs. sector growth of 8.6%.

➢ Moderate 3.0% growth in 3Q was due to summer vacation period and abnormal heat in Russia that affected economic activity.

>Lending to SMEs up 18.9% ytd while quarter growth was 3.3%.

>Loans to borrowers operating in Moscow region increased by solid 30.4% ytd vs. sector growth of 12.6%.

➤ General increase in NPL ratio from **10.6%** to **11.0%** was due to impairment of a large loan.

>Net contraction of NPLs: from 13.9% to 12.9% in SME;

from 9.5% to 8.4% in retail segments.

>Interest received almost reached interests accrued through PnL - 96% in Q3 versus average 90.3% in H1 2010.

Sufficient capital base (CAR: 16.3%, core Tier 1: 13,5%).

Sound liquidity with overall loan/deposit ratio 84%.

>Cost of funds reduced by next 40 bps to 6.0% on the back of customer deposits 6% QoQ growth.



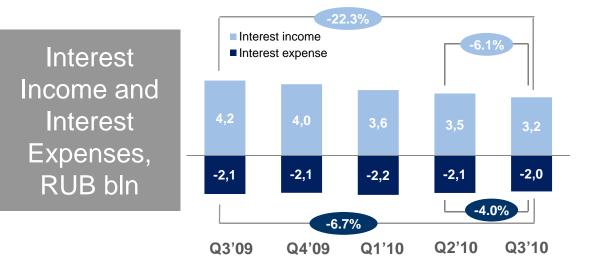
### **9M 2010 Financial highlights**

	Q3 2010	Q2 2010	Change Q-o-Q
Total Deposits, of them	125,064	118,075	+5.9%
Retail deposits	80,601	77,339	+4.2%
Net Loans	94,271	91,780	+2.7%
Loans to Deposits ratio	84.4%	86.8%	-2.4 p.p.
NPLs ratio	11.0%	10.6%	+0.4 p.p.
Net Profit	179	121	+47.9%
Total Operating Income b.p.	2,474	2,467	+0.3%
Total Operating Costs, of them	-1,718	-1,679	+2.3%
Personnel expenses	-867	-893	-2.9%
Cost to Income ratio	69.4%	68.1%	+1.3 p.p.
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Capital Adequacy	16.3%	17.2%	
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### Decline of funding costs partially offset yields contraction

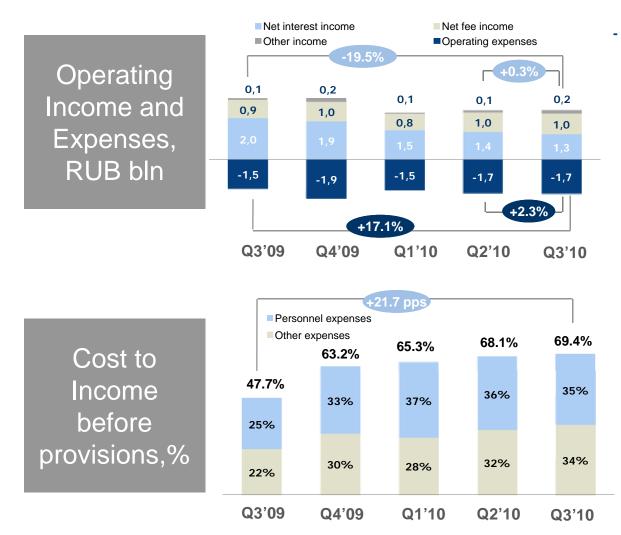


-2.7pps NIM 9,6% 9.2% ----- Interest Spread 7,4% NIM and 6,5% Spread 5.6% evolution Q1'10 Q2'10 Q3'09 Q4'09 Q3'10

- Continued pressure on lending rates driven by increased competition together with repayment of higher-yield loans resulted in 6.1% QoQ contraction of interest income.
- Ongoing re-pricing of liabilities resulted in 4% decrease of interest expenses on the back of continued inflow of deposits. Costs of corporate term deposits were down 1.1% QoQ while costs retail ones contracted by 0.5% QoQ.

- NIM on average assets contracted by 43 bps from 3.7% to 3.3% due to balance-sheet growth on the back of 9% decline of net interest income. Spread decline 0.9% resulted from strong pressure on yields.

### Stable revenue due to F&C income growth

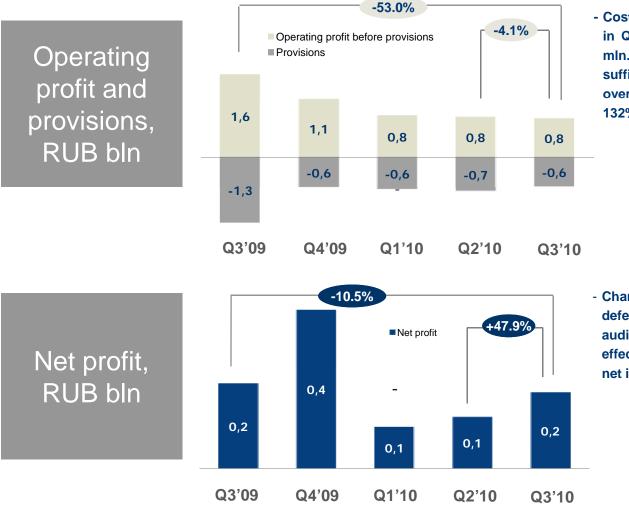


 In the low rates environment we managed to increase non-interest income by 12.4% QoQ.
F&C income increased by 7% QoQ driven by stronger fees from settlements and cash transactions. Growth of F&C and trading gains offset interest income decline and resulted in solid 49% share of non-interest income in total operating income before provisions. Total revenue was stable with 0.3% QoQ growth.

- Strict control over personnel costs (-2.9% QoQ) coupled with reduction of administrative expenses (-3.8% QoQ) narrowed cost growth to 2.3% QoQ only.

- Moderate cost growth resulted in cost to income increase by only 1.3 pps QoQ.

# Stabilization of asset quality resulted in provisioning deceleration

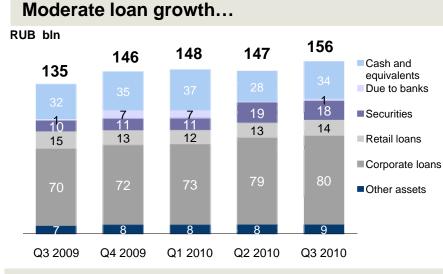


- Cost of risk was 2.2% in 3Q compared to 2.7% in Q2 with charges to provisions of Rub 577 mln. NPLs (1day+) coverage ratio remained at sufficient level of 97%. For the NPLs with overdue more than 90 days coverage ratio was 132%.

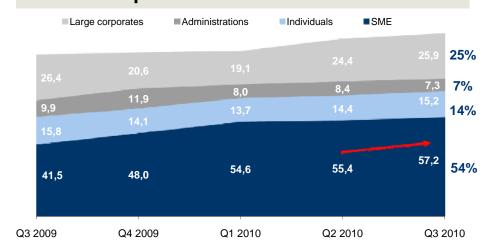
- Change of the approach to accounting for deferred tax assets after consulting with our auditors in Q2 2010 contributed to reduction of effective tax rate to the 19% level for 9M. Thus net income grew by 48% QoQ.



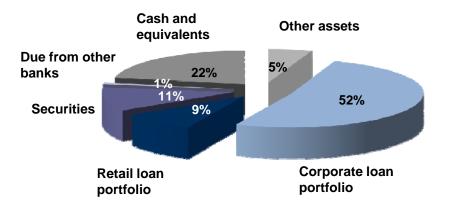
### Asset mix with strong liquidity position



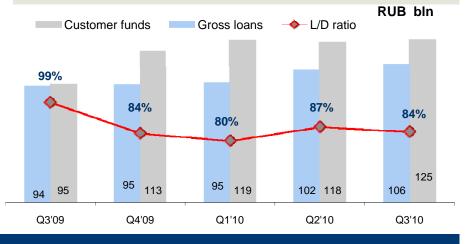
#### ...with sharpened SME focus



#### IEA represent 73% of total assets



### Strong liquidity supports further growth

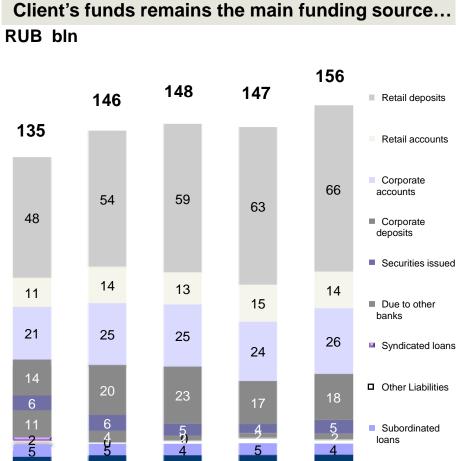


### **Ongoing efforts on funding costs reduction**

Equity

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Q3 2010



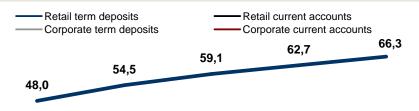
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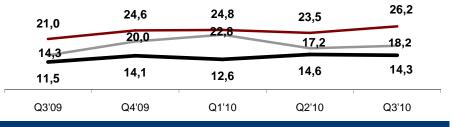
Q2 2010

#### ...with high share of interest - free sources

	Q3 2010	Q2 2010	Q3 2009
Customer accounts to liabilities	90.1%	90.5%	79.2%
- Customer deposits	60.9%	61.3%	52.3%
- Current accounts	29.2%	29.2%	27.3%
Equity to total assets	11%	11%	12%
Liabilities to equity	8.3	7.9	7.5

#### Deposit inflow supports liabilities re-pricing





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Q4 2009

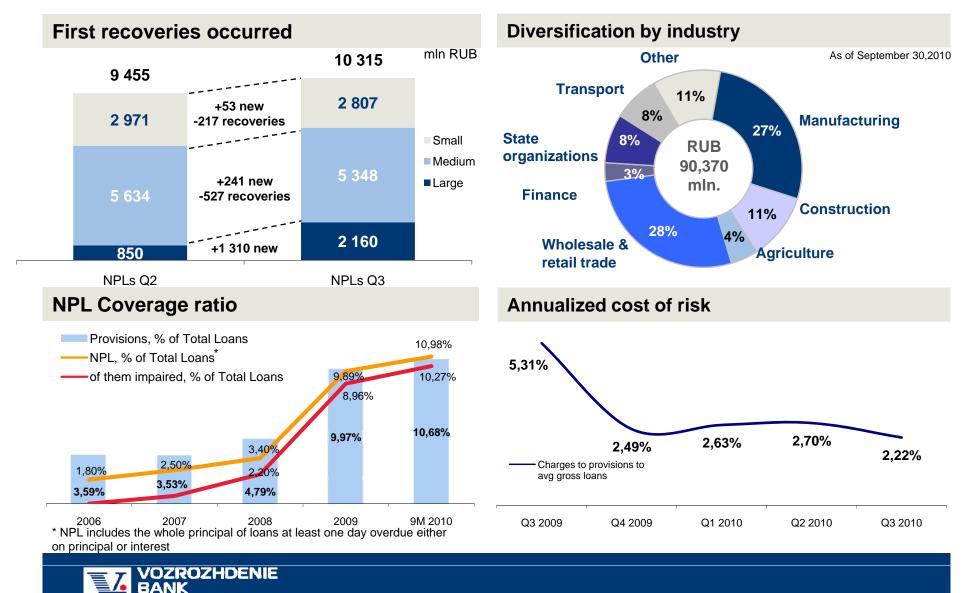
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Q3 2009

16

Q1 2010

### **Credit quality management**



### **Credit quality**

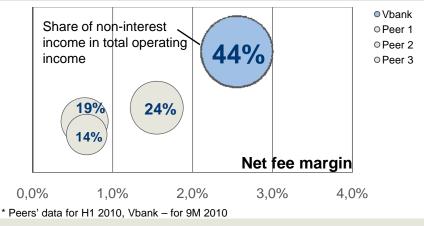
as of 30.09.2010	Large corporate	SMEs	Mortgages	Other retail	Total	% of total loans	Provisions to NPLs Ratio
Gross loans, including	26,969	63,402	8,537	6,634	105,542	100.0%	070/
Current loans	24,809	55,247	7,878	6,016	93,950	89.02%	9/%
Past-due but not impaired, of them	0	234	394	121	749	0.71%	
Less than 90 days	-	234	378	116	728	0.69%	Provisions to 90+ days
Over 90 days	-	-	16	5	21	0.02%	NPLs
Impaired, of them	2,160	7,921	265	497	10,843	10.27%	127%
Less than 90 days	1,310	959	3	48	2,320	2.20%	13270
Over 90 days	850	6,962	262	449	8,523	8.07%	
Total NPLs	2,160	8,155	659	618	11,592	10.98%	Rescheduled Loans
Provisions	- 1,737	- 8,476	- 457	- 601	-11,271	10.68%	
		- /					3.4%
Net Loans	25,232	54,926	8,080	6,033	94,271	-	

*NPL* - the whole amount of loans with principal overdue for more than 1 day as well as loans with any delay in interest payments.



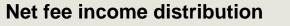
### Fee income generation

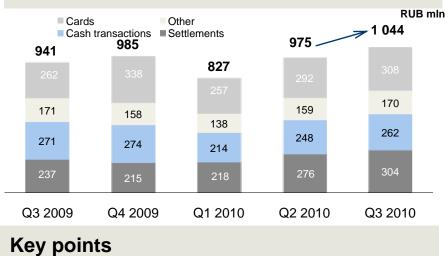
## Strong non-interest income based on long-term relations with customers



#### Non-interest income breakdown by segments

Q2 2010 Q3 2010 Others Others Corporate Financial Corporate Financial business 1% 1% business 3% 3% 22% 28% Cards 53% Cards 60% 14% 15% Retail business Retail business



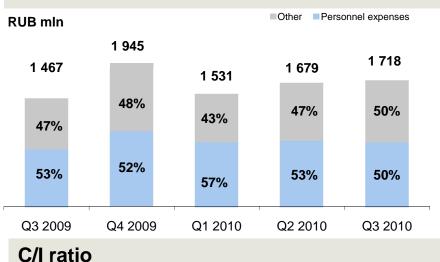


Vbank's share of non-interest income in total operating income reached 44% for 9M 2010, that is one of the highest across the sector. Our developed infrastructure and longterm relations with clients allows us to support our revenues in low interest rate environment with fee generating products like settlements, money transfer, payments, cash collections, that are well diversified across internal businesses and types of banking products.

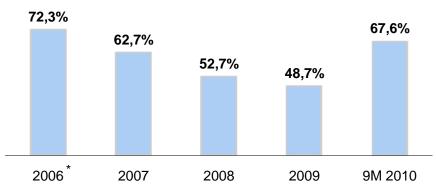
7% fee growth QoQ was mainly driven by cash transactions and servicing settlements of the customers.



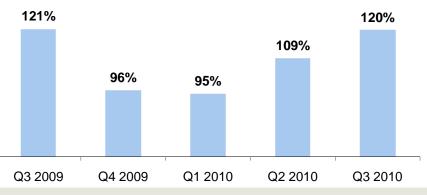
### Strategic approach to cost management



#### **Operating expenses breakdown**



#### Personnel expenses are fully covered by fees & commissions earned



#### **Costs summary**

personnel Coverage of expenses by fees and commissions is gradually growing. Personnel expenses reduced by 2,9% in Q3 and were 120% covered by earned fees and commissions.

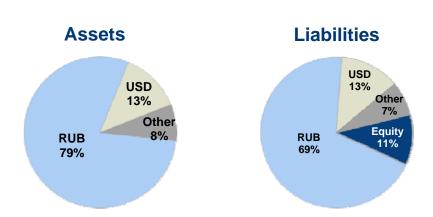
Operating expenses grew only by 2.5% q-o-q partially due to strict control over personnel costs and improving efficiency of administrative expenditures.

Cost to income ratio remained at high 67.6% level due to continued pressure on rates and drop in interest income.

\*2006 - less extraordinary items



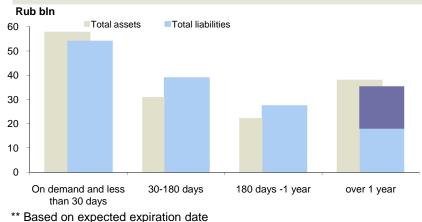
### Currency and gap management, capital adequacy



No mismatches on the balance-sheet\*

\* Based on monetary assets and liabilities

#### Maturity gap\*\*







#### **Key points**

The bank's capital position of 13.5% Tier 1 and CAR of 16.3% remains comfortable anticipating future growth.

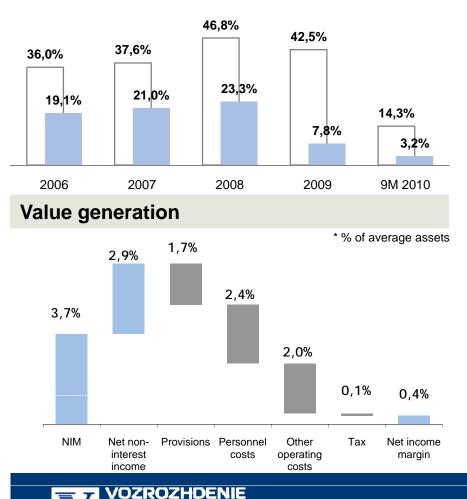
The Bank sticks to policy of having no mismatches on the balance sheet in terms of currency risk with particular focus on ruble-nominated assets.

Maturity structure of assets and liabilities remained balanced with the largest gap of 8bln (5% of total assets) in a 30-180 days range.

### **Earnings generation capability**

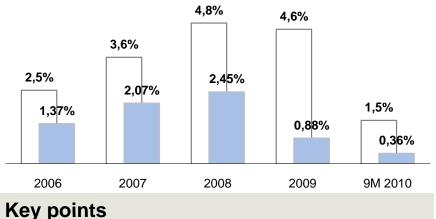
#### **ROE**, %

□ Operating profit before provisions and taxes/ Equity ■ ROE



BANK

#### **ROA**, %



Net Profit in 3Q'10 was 48% higher than in 2Q'10. Net profit generated in 1-3Q'10 amounted to Rub 397 million with regularly growing quarterly values.

Gradual improvement of revenue performance driven by solid fee growth despite continuation of NIM pressure allowed generating value for shareholders quarter by quarter.

 $\Box$  Operating profit before provisions and taxes / Avg assets (gross)  $\blacksquare$  ROA

### **Questions and answers**



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