

VTB BANK

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
with Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Interim
Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

30 September 2011

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	1
Interim Consolidated Income Statement	2
Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	3
Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	4
Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	6

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Principal Activities	7
2. Operating Environment of the Group	8
3. Basis of Preparation	8
4. Adoption of New or Revised Standards and Interpretations	9
5. Cash and Short-Term Funds	10
6. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	10
7. Financial Assets Pledged under Repurchase Agreements and Loaned Financial Assets	11
8. Due from Other Banks	12
9. Loans and Advances to Customers	12
10. Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	13
11. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	13
12. Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity	14
13. Due to Other Banks	14
14. Customer Deposits	15
15. Other Borrowed Funds	15
16. Debt Securities Issued	15
17. Subordinated Debt	16
18. Interest Income and Expense	17
19. Fee and Commission Income and Expense	18
20. Staff Costs and Administrative Expenses	18
21. Allowances for Impairment and Provisions	19
22. Dividends and Retained Earnings	19
23. Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	20
24. Income Tax	20
25. Contingencies, Commitments and Derivative Financial Instruments	21
26. Analysis by Segment	22
27. Fair Value Hierarchy	27
28. Related Party Transactions	29
29. Consolidated Subsidiaries	30
30. Business Combinations and Disposal of Subsidiaries	31
31. Capital Management and Capital Adequacy	32
32. Subsequent Events	33

Independent auditors' report on review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements

To the Supervisory Council and Shareholders of VTB Bank:

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of VTB Bank ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") as at 30 September 2011, comprising of the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2011 and the related interim consolidated income statement and interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended, interim consolidated statements of cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the nine-month period then ended and selected explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.



2 December 2011

VTB Bank
Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 September 2011
(in billions of Russian Roubles)

	Note	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Assets			
Cash and short-term funds	5	318.7	275.5
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks		59.8	26.4
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	654.1	344.6
Financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets	7	49.0	16.9
Due from other banks	8	391.5	349.9
Loans and advances to customers	9	4,139.1	2,785.4
Financial assets available-for-sale	10	81.9	55.9
Investments in associates and joint ventures	11	35.5	15.7
Investment securities held-to-maturity	12	33.0	34.2
Premises and equipment		114.2	113.2
Investment property		114.9	102.2
Intangible assets and goodwill		138.5	30.5
Deferred tax asset		46.8	37.9
Other assets		160.0	102.6
Total assets		6,337.0	4,290.9
Liabilities			
Due to other banks	13	609.1	397.3
Customer deposits	14	3,550.9	2,212.9
Other borrowed funds	15	409.7	185.7
Debt securities issued	16	670.7	593.1
Deferred tax liability		16.2	7.3
Other liabilities		213.7	110.9
Total liabilities before subordinated debt		5,470.3	3,507.2
Subordinated debt	17	241.6	205.5
Total liabilities		5,711.9	3,712.7
Equity			
Share capital		113.1	113.1
Share premium		358.5	358.5
Treasury shares		(1.0)	(0.3)
Unrealized gain on financial assets available-for-sale and cash flow hedge		6.0	4.0
Premises revaluation reserve		11.2	11.4
Currency translation difference		11.6	11.0
Retained earnings		98.9	56.6
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		598.3	554.3
Non-controlling interests		26.8	23.9
Total equity		625.1	578.2
Total liabilities and equity		6,337.0	4,290.9

Approved for issue and signed on 2 December 2011.


 A.L. Kostin
 President – Chairman of the Management Board


 Herbert Moos
 Chief Financial Officer – Deputy Chairman of the Management Board

VTB Bank
**Interim Consolidated Income Statement for the Three Months and the Nine Months
Ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited)**
(in billions of Russian Roubles)

	Note	For the three-month period ended 30 September		For the nine-month period ended 30 September	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
Interest income	18	99.2	82.5	275.8	250.4
Interest expense	18	(45.2)	(39.4)	(126.7)	(120.9)
Net interest income		54.0	43.1	149.1	129.5
Provision charge for impairment of debt financial assets	21	(8.0)	(13.1)	(25.3)	(40.3)
Net interest income after provision for impairment		46.0	30.0	123.8	89.2
(Losses net of gains) / gains less losses arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(15.0)	4.4	(5.9)	7.6
Gains less losses from available-for-sale financial assets		4.5	0.7	4.9	0.3
Gains less losses arising from extinguishment of liability		0.2	–	0.2	–
Net recovery of losses / (losses) on initial recognition of financial instruments and loans restructuring		0.2	(0.2)	10.1	(0.1)
(Losses net of gains) / gains less losses arising from dealing in foreign currencies		(15.4)	20.4	10.6	(5.7)
Foreign exchange translation gains less losses / (losses net of gains)		6.2	(21.2)	(8.4)	7.4
Fee and commission income	19	11.9	7.0	32.7	20.8
Fee and commission expense	19	(2.7)	(1.0)	(5.6)	(3.0)
Share in income / (loss) of associates and joint ventures		6.2	0.1	7.7	(0.1)
Recovery of / (provision charge for) impairment of other assets and credit related commitments	21	0.9	(0.3)	(0.6)	(2.0)
Income arising from non-banking activities		4.0	2.1	11.9	3.9
Expenses arising from non-banking activities		(1.1)	(0.9)	(4.7)	(2.6)
Other operating income		3.9	0.8	7.3	2.7
Net non-interest income		3.8	11.9	60.2	29.2
Operating income		49.8	41.9	184.0	118.4
Staff costs and administrative expenses	20	(23.5)	(24.1)	(90.8)	(68.0)
Impairment of goodwill		–	–	–	(1.1)
Profit from disposal of associates and subsidiaries	11, 30	–	–	1.5	0.1
Profit before taxation		26.3	17.8	94.7	49.4
Income tax expense	24	(7.3)	(4.1)	(22.1)	(10.6)
Net profit		19.0	13.7	72.6	38.8
Net profit / (loss) attributable to:					
Shareholders of the parent		20.4	14.7	73.8	41.6
Non-controlling interests		(1.4)	(1.0)	(1.2)	(2.8)
Basic and diluted earnings per share (expressed in Russian Roubles per share)	23	0.0020	0.0014	0.0071	0.0040

VTB Bank**Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months and the Nine Months Ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited)***(in billions of Russian Roubles)*

	<i>For the three-month period ended 30 September</i>		<i>For the nine-month period ended 30 September</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net profit for the period	19.0	13.7	72.6	38.8
Other comprehensive income (Note 24):				
Unrealized (loss) / gain on financial assets available-for-sale, net of tax	(2.2)	0.7	1.7	(0.3)
Cash flow hedges, net of tax	0.3	–	0.1	–
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.2)
Effect of translation, net of tax	7.6	1.4	3.1	(1.1)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	5.4	1.9	4.4	(1.6)
Total comprehensive income for the period	24.4	15.6	77.0	37.2
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Shareholders of the parent	25.1	16.7	78.4	40.2
Non-controlling interests	(0.7)	(1.1)	(1.4)	(3.0)

VTB Bank
Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months
Ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited)
(in billions of Russian Roubles)

	Note	For the nine-month period ended 30 September	
		2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		254.5	215.8
Interest paid		(125.5)	(108.5)
(Loss incurred) / income received on operations with financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(2.9)	10.3
Gains less losses arising from extinguishment of liability		0.2	–
Income received / (loss incurred) on dealing in foreign currency		14.3	(16.2)
Fees and commissions received		33.8	21.0
Fees and commissions paid		(4.5)	(3.3)
Other operating income received		2.0	1.2
Staff costs, administrative expenses paid and net cash flow arising from non-banking activities		(77.3)	(55.7)
Income tax paid		(21.9)	(19.6)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities			
		72.7	45.0
Net decrease / (increase) in operating assets			
Net increase in mandatory reserve deposits with central banks		(24.7)	(3.3)
Net (increase) / decrease in restricted cash		(0.1)	0.3
Net (increase) / decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(262.8)	7.1
Net decrease in due from other banks		47.1	66.9
Net increase in loans and advances to customers		(634.4)	(206.1)
Net increase in other assets		(53.0)	(17.4)
Net increase in operating liabilities			
Net increase in due to other banks		143.5	91.4
Net increase in customer deposits		779.2	260.5
Net increase in debt securities issued		67.0	0.9
Net increase in other liabilities		33.2	16.2
Net cash from operating activities			
		167.7	261.5
Cash flows used in investing activities			
Dividends received		0.6	0.6
Proceeds from sale or redemption of financial assets available-for-sale		39.8	1.6
Purchase of financial assets available-for-sale		(28.3)	(20.4)
Purchase of subsidiaries, net of cash	30	7.7	(3.6)
Disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash	30	(1.1)	0.2
Purchase of and contributions to associates and joint ventures	11	(109.1)	(0.6)
Proceeds from sale of share in associates	11	2.3	–
Purchase of investment securities held-to-maturity		(0.6)	(0.4)
Proceeds from redemption of investment securities held-to-maturity		2.0	1.2
Purchase of premises and equipment		(21.4)	(19.4)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment		34.6	2.3
Purchase or construction of investment property		(0.3)	(1.4)
Proceeds from sale of investment property		1.1	–
Purchase of intangible assets		(1.9)	(0.4)
Proceeds from sale of intangible assets		0.1	–
Net cash used in investing activities			
		(74.5)	(40.3)

VTB Bank**Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months****Ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited) (continued)***(in billions of Russian Roubles)*

	Note	For the nine-month period ended 30 September	
		2011	2010
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Dividends paid		(7.3)	(6.1)
Proceeds from issuance of local bonds		8.5	31.7
Repayment of local bonds		(33.2)	(24.5)
Buy-back of local bonds		(9.7)	(25.3)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back local bonds		11.3	22.6
Proceeds from issuance of Eurobonds		35.5	57.7
Repayment of Eurobonds		(83.4)	(11.5)
Buy-back of Eurobonds		(26.1)	(49.2)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back Eurobonds		23.7	50.8
Proceeds from syndicated loans	15	87.3	–
Repayment of syndicated loans	15	(31.6)	(14.9)
Buy-back of syndicated loans	15	(4.1)	–
Proceeds from other borrowings		50.0	204.1
Repayment of other borrowings		(54.3)	(523.3)
Repayment of subordinated debt		–	(9.3)
Buy-back of subordinated debt		(4.5)	(0.3)
Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back subordinated debt		2.9	–
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares		0.8	–
Purchase of treasury shares		(1.7)	–
Share issue to minorities		–	0.3
Purchase of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	30	(17.4)	(0.1)
Net cash used in financing activities		(53.3)	(297.3)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		3.2	(1.5)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		43.1	(77.6)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		274.4	258.8
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5	317.5	181.2

VTB Bank
Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months
Ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited)
(in billions of Russian Roubles)

	Attributable to shareholders of the parent							Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Unrealized gain on financial assets available-for-sale and cash flow hedge	Premises revaluation reserve	Currency translation difference	Retained earnings			
Balance at 1 January 2010 (audited)	113.1	358.5	(0.4)	3.4	11.8	13.2	2.7	502.3	2.6	504.9
Acquisition of subsidiaries	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5.8	5.8
Increase in share capital of subsidiaries	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.3	0.3
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	–	–	–	–	–	–	(0.1)	(0.1)	–	(0.1)
Total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	(0.3)	(0.1)	(1.0)	41.6	40.2	(3.0)	37.2
Transfer of premises revaluation reserve upon disposal or depreciation	–	–	–	–	(0.2)	–	0.2	–	–	–
Dividends declared	–	–	–	–	–	–	(6.1)	(6.1)	–	(6.1)
Expiration of put options over non-controlling interests	–	–	–	–	–	–	3.4	3.4	–	3.4
Balance at 30 September 2010	113.1	358.5	(0.4)	3.1	11.5	12.2	41.7	539.7	5.7	545.4
Balance at 1 January 2011 (audited)	113.1	358.5	(0.3)	4.0	11.4	11.0	56.6	554.3	23.9	578.2
Net result from treasury shares transactions	–	–	(0.7)	–	–	–	–	(0.7)	–	(0.7)
Total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	2.0	–	3.0	73.4	78.4	(1.4)	77.0
Transfer of premises revaluation reserve upon disposal or depreciation	–	–	–	–	(0.2)	–	0.2	–	–	–
Transfer of currency translation difference upon legal merger of subsidiary (Note 29)	–	–	–	–	–	(2.4)	2.4	–	–	–
Dividends declared (Note 22)	–	–	–	–	–	–	(6.1)	(6.1)	(1.2)	(7.3)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 30)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17.7	17.7
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 30)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(0.5)	(0.5)
Change of ownership share in subsidiary (Note 29)	–	–	–	–	–	–	1.8	1.8	(1.8)	–
Acquisition of non-controlling interests (Note 29)	–	–	–	–	–	–	(7.5)	(7.5)	(9.9)	(17.4)
Obligation to purchase non-controlling interests (Note 22)	–	–	–	–	–	–	(21.9)	(21.9)	–	(21.9)
Balance at 30 September 2011	113.1	358.5	(1.0)	6.0	11.2	11.6	98.9	598.3	26.8	625.1

1. Principal Activities

VTB Bank and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) comprise Russian and foreign commercial banks, and other companies and entities controlled by the Group.

VTB Bank, formerly known as Vneshtorgbank (the “Bank”, or “VTB”), was formed as Russia’s foreign trade bank under the laws of the Russian Federation on 17 October 1990. In 1998, following several reorganisations, VTB was reorganized into an open joint stock company. In October 2006 the Group started re-branding to change its name from Vneshtorgbank to VTB. Simultaneously, the names of some of VTB’s subsidiaries were changed as presented in Note 28. In March 2007, the Bank for Foreign Trade was renamed into “VTB Bank” (Open Joint-Stock Company).

On 2 January 1991, VTB received a general banking license (number 1000) from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation (CBR). In addition, VTB holds licenses required for trading and holding securities and engaging in other securities-related activities, including acting as a broker, a dealer and a custodian, and providing asset management and special depository services. VTB and other Russian Group banks are regulated and supervised by the CBR and the Federal Financial Markets Service. Foreign Group banks operate under the bank regulatory regimes of their respective countries.

On 29 December 2004, the Bank became a member of the obligatory deposit insurance system provided by the State Corporation “Deposit Insurance Agency”. All Group subsidiary banks in Russia: VTB 24, CJSC, “TransCreditBank”, JSC, “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC, “Mosvodokanalbank”, OJSC and “Bezhitsa-Bank”, OJSC are also members of the obligatory deposit insurance system provided by the State Corporation “Deposit Insurance Agency”. The State deposit insurance scheme implies that the State Corporation “Deposit Insurance Agency” guarantees repayment of individual deposits up to the maximum total amount of guaranteed payment of RUR 700 thousand with a 100% compensation of deposited amount from 1 October 2008.

On 5 October 2005, VTB re-registered its legal address to 29 Bolshaya Morskaya Street, Saint-Petersburg 190000, Russian Federation. VTB’s Head Office is located in Moscow.

A list of principal subsidiaries included in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements is provided in Note 29.

The Group operates predominantly in the commercial banking sector. This includes deposit taking and commercial lending in freely convertible currencies and in Russian Roubles, support of clients’ export/import transactions, foreign exchange, securities trading, and trading in derivative financial instruments. The Group’s operations are conducted in both Russian and international markets. The Group’s operations are not subject to seasonal fluctuations. The Group conducts its banking business in Russia through VTB as a parent and 5 subsidiary banks with its network of 168 full service branches, including 71 branches of VTB, 8 branches of VTB 24, 41 branches of “TransCreditBank”, JSC and 48 branches of “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC located in major Russian regions. Within acquisition of “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC the Group has also obtained control over “Mosvodokanalbank”, OJSC and “Bezhitsa-Bank”, OJSC. In March VTB North-West ceased its operations as a subsidiary of VTB following the legal merger of VTB and VTB North-West. The Group operates outside Russia through 15 bank subsidiaries, located in the Commonwealth of Independent States (“CIS”) (Armenia, Ukraine (2 banks), Belarus (2 banks), Kazakhstan and Azerbaijan), Europe (Austria, Cyprus, Germany, France, Great Britain and Serbia), Georgia, Africa (Angola); through 2 representative offices located in Italy and China; through 2 VTB branches in China and India and 3 branches of “VTB Capital”, Plc in Singapore, Dubai and Hong Kong.

VTB’s majority shareholder is the Russian Federation state, acting through the Federal Property Agency, which holds 75.5% of VTB’s issued and outstanding shares at 30 September 2011 (31 December 2010: 85.5%).

In February 2011, the Russian Federation state, acting through the Federal Property Agency, reduced its share from 85.5% to 75.5% of VTB’s issued and outstanding shares as a result of offering in the form of shares and global depository receipts.

The number of employees of the Group at 30 September 2011 was 65,685 (31 December 2010: 51,781).

Unless otherwise noted herein, all amounts are expressed in billions of Russian Roubles rounded off to one decimal.

2. Operating Environment of the Group

Russia continues economic reforms and development of its legal, tax and regulatory frameworks as required by a market economy. The future stability of the Russian economy is largely dependent upon these reforms and developments and the effectiveness of economic, financial and monetary measures undertaken by the government.

The Russian economy is vulnerable to market downturns and economic slowdowns elsewhere in the world. In 2011 the Russian Government continued to take measures to support the economy in order to overcome the consequences of the global financial crisis. Despite some indications of recovery there continues to be uncertainty regarding further economic growth, access to capital and cost of capital, which could negatively affect the Group's future financial position, results of operations and business prospects.

Also, factors including increased unemployment in Russia, reduced corporate liquidity and profitability, and increased corporate and personal insolvencies, may affect the Group's borrowers' ability to repay the amounts due to the Group. In addition, changes in economic conditions may result in deterioration in the value of collateral held against loans and other obligations. To the extent that information is available, the Group has reflected revised estimates of expected future cash flows in its impairment assessment.

While management believes it is taking appropriate measures to support the sustainability of the Group's business in the current circumstances, unexpected further deterioration in the areas described above could negatively affect the Group's results and financial position in a manner not currently determinable.

3. Basis of Preparation

General

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. As a result, they do not include all of the information required by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for a complete set of financial statements. Operating results for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending 31 December 2011. The Bank and its subsidiaries and associates maintain their accounting records in accordance with regulations applicable in their country of registration. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based on those accounting books and records, as adjusted and reclassified to comply with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the initial recognition of financial instruments based on fair value, revaluation of premises and investment property, available-for-sale financial assets, and financial instruments categorized as at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. These estimates are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results can differ significantly from such estimates. Judgments and significant estimates in these financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. Income tax expense in respect of the current tax assets and liabilities is recognized based on the income tax rates enacted by the end of the reporting period in relevant tax jurisdictions where the Group presents. Income tax expense in respect of the deferred tax assets and liabilities is measured at the income tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when deferred assets are realized or liability are settled based on the income tax rates officially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the complete consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2010.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Russian Roubles (RUR), the national currency of the Russian Federation, where the Bank is domiciled.

At 30 September 2011, the principal closing rate of exchange used for translating balances in USD to Russian Roubles was USD 1 to RUR 31.8751 (at 31 December 2010: USD 1 to RUR 30.4769), and the principal closing rate of exchange used for translating balances in Euro was EUR 1 to RUR 43.3979 (at 31 December 2010: EUR 1 to RUR 40.3331).

4. Adoption of New or Revised Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations as of 1 January 2011, noted below:

IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Classification of Rights Issues (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010) – The Amendment was issued in October 2009. It exempts certain rights issues of shares with proceeds denominated in foreign currencies from classification as derivatives. The amendment does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011) – IAS 24 was revised in November 2009 by: (a) simplifying the definition of a related party, clarifying its intended meaning and eliminating inconsistencies; and by (b) providing a partial exemption from the disclosure requirements for government-related entities. The Group has not applied the exemption provided for government-related entities in the revised IAS 24 and disclosed all transactions with government-related entities.

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – Amendment: Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010). – Existing IFRS preparers were granted relief from presenting comparative information for the new disclosures required by the March 2009 amendments to IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*. This amendment to IFRS 1 provides first-time adopters with the same transition provisions as included in the amendment to IFRS 7. The amendment does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

IFRIC 14 IAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction – Amendment: Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011). – This amendment will have a limited impact as it applies only to companies that are required to make minimum funding contributions to a defined benefit pension plan. It removes an unintended consequence of IFRIC 14 related to voluntary pension prepayments when there is a minimum funding requirement. The amendment does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010) – IFRIC Interpretation 19 was issued in November 2009. The interpretation clarifies the accounting for the transactions when the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and result in the entity issuing equity instruments to a creditor of the entity to extinguish all or part of the financial liability. IFRIC 19 does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (issued in May 2010 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011). The improvements consist of a mixture of substantive changes and clarifications in the following standards and interpretations: IFRS 1 was amended (i) to allow previous GAAP carrying value to be used as deemed cost of an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset if that item was used in operations subject to rate regulation, (ii) to allow an event driven revaluation to be used as deemed cost of property, plant and equipment even if the revaluation occurs during a period covered by the first IFRS financial statements and (iii) to require a first-time adopter to explain changes in accounting policies or in the IFRS 1 exemptions between its first IFRS interim report and its first IFRS financial statements; IFRS 3 was amended (i) to require measurement at fair value (unless another measurement basis is required by other IFRS standards) of non-controlling interests that are not present ownership interest or do not entitle the holder to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation, (ii) to provide guidance on acquiree's share-based payment arrangements that were not replaced or were voluntarily replaced as a result of a business combination and (iii) to clarify that the contingent considerations from business combinations that occurred before the effective date of revised IFRS 3 (issued in January 2008) will be accounted for in accordance with the guidance in the previous version of IFRS 3; IFRS 7 was amended to clarify certain disclosure requirements, in particular (i) by adding an explicit emphasis on the interaction between qualitative and quantitative disclosures about the nature and extent of financial risks, (ii) by removing the requirement to disclose carrying amount of renegotiated financial assets that would otherwise be past due or impaired, (iii) by replacing the requirement to disclose fair value of collateral by a more general requirement to disclose its financial effect, and (iv) by clarifying that an entity should disclose the amount of foreclosed collateral held at the reporting date and not the amount obtained during the reporting period; IAS 1 was amended to clarify the requirements for the presentation and content of the statement of changes in equity with regard to a reconciliation between the carrying amount at the beginning and the end of the period for each component of equity either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements; IAS 27 was amended by clarifying the transition rules for amendments to IAS 21, 28 and 31 made by the revised IAS 27 (as amended in January 2008); IAS 34 was amended to add additional examples of significant events and transactions requiring disclosure in a condensed interim financial report, including transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy, changes in classification of financial assets or changes in business or economic environment that affect the fair values of the entity's financial instruments; and IFRIC 13 was amended to clarify measurement of fair value of award credits. The amendments do not have any material effect on the Group's financial statements.

5. Cash and Short-Term Funds

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Cash on hand	81.2	70.1
Cash balances with central banks (other than mandatory reserve deposits)	135.3	105.9
Correspondent accounts with other banks		
- Russian Federation	26.0	18.4
- Other countries	76.2	81.1
Total cash and short-term funds	318.7	275.5
Less: restricted cash	(1.2)	(1.1)
Total cash and cash equivalents	317.5	274.4

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Financial assets held for trading	615.2	320.0
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	38.9	24.6
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	654.1	344.6

The financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss are managed on a fair value basis, in accordance with the risk management or investment strategies adopted by each Group member and the information provided to key management personnel.

Financial assets held for trading

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Debt securities denominated in USD		
Eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	45.1	16.1
Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments	15.0	5.1
Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks	14.0	13.0
Eurobonds of the Russian Federation	1.4	1.4
Debt securities denominated in RUR		
Bonds of Russian companies and banks	187.3	129.1
Russian Federal loan bonds (OFZ)	89.5	18.7
Russian municipal bonds	10.0	2.8
Promissory notes of Russian companies and banks	3.0	0.1
Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments	0.7	–
Eurobonds of foreign companies and banks	0.5	0.3
Bonds of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	–	14.4
Debt securities denominated in other currencies		
Bonds of foreign governments	5.7	3.5
Eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	1.0	0.2
Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks	0.8	0.8
Eurobonds of Russian municipalities	0.5	–
Equity securities	138.2	75.6
Balances arising from derivative financial instruments	102.5	38.9
Total financial assets held for trading	615.2	320.0

At 30 September 2011 bonds of Russian companies and banks are primarily represented by debt securities issued by Russian transportation, manufacturing, oil and gas companies and banks.

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (continued)

At 30 September 2011 equity securities are primarily represented by securities issued by Russian metals, oil and gas companies, banks and building construction companies.

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	14.9	8.4
Equity securities	11.1	6.7
Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	7.1	4.6
Bonds of foreign governments	5.8	4.9
Total financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	38.9	24.6

7. Financial Assets Pledged under Repurchase Agreements and Loaned Financial Assets

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
<i>Financial assets held for trading</i>		
Bonds of Russian companies and banks	16.0	6.1
Russian Federal loan bonds (OFZ)	4.3	–
Equity securities	0.8	1.2
Eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	0.6	–
Bonds of foreign governments	0.3	0.1
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	–	0.1
<i>Total Financial assets held for trading</i>	<i>22.0</i>	<i>7.5</i>
<i>Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	3.2	1.2
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	1.0	0.7
Bonds of foreign governments	–	1.5
<i>Total Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss</i>	<i>4.2</i>	<i>3.4</i>
Total Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	26.2	10.9
Financial assets available-for-sale		
Bonds of Russian companies and banks	2.0	1.7
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	1.9	–
Bonds of foreign governments	–	3.0
Total Financial assets available-for-sale	3.9	4.7
Financial assets classified as loans and advances to customers	17.0	–
Financial assets classified as due from other banks	1.9	1.3
Total financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets	49.0	16.9

At 30 September 2011 bonds of Russian companies and banks included in the above table are mostly represented by debt securities issued by Russian banks, oil and gas companies, metals and telecommunication companies.

At 30 September 2011 financial assets classified as loans and advances to customers included in the above table are mostly represented by debt financial assets issued by Russian finance and oil and gas companies.

8. Due from Other Banks

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Current term placements with other banks	298.5	285.6
Reverse sale and repurchase agreements with other banks	92.9	64.8
Overdue placements	2.4	2.4
Total gross due from other banks	393.8	352.8
Less: Allowance for impairment (Note 21)	(2.3)	(2.9)
Total due from other banks	391.5	349.9

9. Loans and Advances to Customers

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Current loans and advances	3,730.7	2,475.0
Reverse sale and repurchase agreements	107.8	51.9
Renegotiated loans and advances	316.8	270.4
Overdue loans and advances	273.7	262.3
Total gross loans and advances to customers	4,429.0	3,059.6
Less: Allowance for impairment (Note 21)	(289.9)	(274.2)
Total loans and advances to customers	4,139.1	2,785.4

For the purposes of the above table, the amount of overdue loans and advances includes only overdue portions of loans where the payment of either principal or interest is overdue by one day or more, rather than the entire outstanding amount of the loans.

At 30 September 2011, included in gross loans are finance lease receivables of RUR 162.4 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 116.6 billion), equal to the net investment in lease before allowance for impairment.

Economic sector risk concentrations within the customer loan portfolio are as follows:

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)		31 December 2010	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Individuals	763.3	18	541.5	18
Finance	593.3	13	382.3	12
Building construction	520.4	12	303.2	10
Government bodies	403.8	9	115.4	4
Manufacturing	386.7	9	267.7	9
Metals	376.1	8	334.5	11
Trade and commerce	338.7	8	230.6	7
Transport	280.9	6	186.2	6
Chemical	192.2	4	226.6	7
Energy	141.2	3	97.8	3
Oil and gas	121.5	3	139.7	4
Food and agriculture	88.7	2	81.6	3
Telecommunications and media	66.2	2	23.6	1
Coal mining	65.1	1	55.6	2
Aircraft	18.5	–	20.5	1
Other	72.4	2	52.8	2
Total gross loans and advances to customers	4,429.0	100	3,059.6	100

9. Loans and Advances to Customers (continued)

Finance industry includes loans issued to holding companies of industrial groups, mergers and acquisitions financing, and loans to leasing, insurance and other non-bank financial companies.

At 30 September 2011, the total amount of outstanding loans issued by the Group to 10 largest groups of interrelated borrowers comprises RUR 965.3 billion, or 21.7% of the gross loan portfolio (31 December 2010: RUR 643.7 billion, or 21.0%).

At 30 September 2011, loans and advances to government bodies include federal loan bonds with debt amortization (OFZ-AD) with the carrying amount of RUR 285.0 billion. These bonds were purchased by "Bank of Moscow", OJSC from proceeds of loan received from the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" (Note 15).

10. Financial Assets Available-for-Sale

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Equity investments	50.7	28.8
Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments	10.4	16.4
Russian Federal loan bonds (OFZ)	10.4	–
Eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	5.5	1.0
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	4.0	9.0
Promissory notes of Russian companies and banks	0.5	0.3
Bonds of Russian companies and banks	0.4	0.4
Total financial assets available-for-sale	81.9	55.9

At 30 September 2011, Russian federal loan bonds (OFZ) with the carrying amount of RUR 10.0 billion represent bonds purchased by "Bank of Moscow", OJSC from proceeds of loan from the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" (Note 15).

11. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

	<i>Country of registration</i>	<i>Activity</i>	30 September 2011 (unaudited)		31 December 2010	
			Carrying amount	Ownership percentage	Carrying amount	Ownership percentage
"Eurofinance Mosnarbank", OJSC	Russia	Banking	3.2	25.00%	4.3	35.85%
"Vietnam-Russia Joint Venture Bank"	Vietnam	Banking	2.3	50.00%	0.9	49.00%
"Estonian Credit Bank", JSC	Estonia	Banking	0.2	16.22%	–	–
"Metropolitan Insurance Group", OJSC	Russia	Insurance	16.0	50.00%	–	–
"KS Holding", CJSC	Russia	Insurance	5.8	49.00%	4.8	49.00%
"Sistemapsys S.a.r.l."	Luxembourg	Construction	1.2	50.00%	1.3	50.00%
"Hals-Technopark", CJSC	Russia	Construction	1.0	50.00%	1.0	50.00%
"Thalita Trading", Ltd	Cyprus	Finance	0.7	50.00%	0.9	50.00%
"Haberma Enterprises", Ltd	Cyprus	Real estate	1.1	39.10%	–	–
"Finnist Real Estate S.a.r.l."	Luxembourg	Real estate	0.7	19.90%	0.8	19.90%
"Gelosa Holdings", Ltd	Cyprus	Real estate	0.4	36.92%	–	–
"News Out of Home", BV	Netherlands	Mass Media	2.9	35.70%	–	–
"Izumrudniy Gorod 2000", Ltd	Russia	Construction	–	50.00%	–	50.00%
"Tagar-City", Ltd	Russia	Construction	–	50.00%	–	50.00%
"Amiral' B. V.", Ltd	Russia	Construction	–	50.00%	–	50.00%
"Illinoza investments limited", Ltd	Russia	Construction	–	45.00%	–	45.00%
"Interbank Trading House", Ltd	Russia	Commerce	–	50.00%	–	50.00%
"Automated Banking Technologies", CJSC	Russia	IT	–	25.82%	–	–
"Pension Reserve", Ltd	Russia	Finance	–	19.00%	–	–
"POLIEF", OJSC	Russia	Chemical	–	–	1.1	32.50%
"Telecom-Development", CJSC	Russia	Construction	–	–	0.6	50.00%
Total investments in associates and joint ventures			35.5		15.7	

11. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

In January 2011, “Vietnam-Russia Joint Venture Bank” increased its share capital to USD 168.5 million, and VTB increased its share in “Vietnam-Russia Joint Venture Bank” from 49.00% to 50.00% by contribution of USD 53.6 million (RUR 1.6 billion).

In February 2011, VTB purchased 46.48% of “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC for RUR 92.8 billion and 25% plus 1 share of “Metropolitan Insurance Group”, OJSC for RUR 10.2 billion. In September 2011, the Group obtained control over “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC and consolidated it in these financial statements (Note 30). As a result of consolidation of “Bank of Moscow”, the Group increased its share in “Metropolitan Insurance Group”, OJSC to 50% less 1 share.

In February 2011, the Group entered into the agreement to sell shares of “Eurofinance Mosnarbank”, OJSC, for RUR 2.3 billion effectively decreasing the Group’s ownership in “Eurofinance Mosnarbank”, OJSC associate to 25% plus 0.5 share and recognising profit before tax of RUR 0.9 billion from partial disposal of the associate.

In May 2011, the Group acquired a share of 36.92% of “Gelosa Holdings”, Ltd for USD 5.2 million (RUR 0.1 billion) and 39.1% of Haberma Enterprises, Ltd for USD 40 million (RUR 1.1 billion).

In June 2011, as a result of restructuring of the joint venture “Telecom-Development”, CJSC the Group has acquired two former 100% subsidiaries of “Telecom-Development”, CJSC and sold its 50% stake in “Telecom-Development”, CJSC to a third party after the acquisition of the joint venture subsidiaries.

In June 2011, the Group sold its 32.50% stake in “POLIEF”, OJSC to a third party recognizing profit before tax of RUR 0.6 billion from disposal of the associate.

In July 2011, the Group purchased a 35.70% share in “News Out of Home”, BV by contributing USD 91.4 million (RUR 2.9 billion).

In the second quarter 2011 the Group increased its investment in “Finnist Real Estate S.a.r.l.” by USD 10.8 million (RUR 0.3 billion) retaining the ownership share of 19.9%.

“Automated Banking Technologies”, CJSC, “Pension Reserve”, Ltd and “Estonian Credit Bank”, JSC represent associates of “Bank of Moscow”, OJSC consolidated at 30 September 2011 (Note 30).

12. Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Bonds of Russian companies and banks	33.2	32.6
Russian municipal bonds	1.2	2.4
Bonds of foreign governments	0.5	0.8
Russian Federal loan bonds (OFZ)	0.1	–
Bonds of foreign companies and banks	–	0.4
Total gross investment securities held-to-maturity	35.0	36.2
Less: Allowance for impairment (Note 21)	(2.0)	(2.0)
Total investment securities held-to-maturity	33.0	34.2

13. Due to Other Banks

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Correspondent accounts and overnight deposits of other banks	276.9	226.7
Term loans and deposits	299.7	161.6
Sale and repurchase agreements with other banks	32.5	9.0
Total due to other banks	609.1	397.3

14. Customer Deposits

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Government bodies		
Current / settlement deposits	43.6	14.0
Term deposits	948.1	83.6
Other legal entities		
Current / settlement deposits	553.8	475.7
Term deposits	912.0	882.0
Individuals		
Current / settlement deposits	197.6	142.6
Term deposits	881.4	605.3
Sale and repurchase agreements	14.4	9.7
Total customer deposits	3,550.9	2,212.9

15. Other Borrowed Funds

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Syndicated loans	118.5	45.1
Other borrowings	291.2	140.6
Total other borrowed funds	409.7	185.7

At 30 September 2011 other borrowings included Group liabilities to Central Bank of Russia on sale and repurchase agreements in amount of RUR 13.4 billion (31 December 2010: nil).

Included in other borrowings are funds received by the Group from other banks, mainly OECD based, under non-revolving open credit lines, and funds attracted from central banks.

In June 2011, VTB fully repaid USD 1.0 billion (RUR 28.3 billion) of Tranche A of a dual tranche syndicated loan upon maturity.

In July 2011, VTB received a syndicated loan in the total amount of USD 3,130 million (RUR 87.3 billion) maturing in July 2014 with a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 1.3% p.a. payable semi-annually. At 30 September 2011 the Group bought back RUR 4.1 billion from the syndicated loan participants.

In September 2011 "Bank of Moscow", OJSC received a RUR 294.8 billion loan from the related party State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" at 0.51% per annum maturing in 10 years under the plan of support of "Bank of Moscow", OJSC earlier signed by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency". The Group recognized the loan initially at fair value. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of the loan of RUR 142.8 billion was included in Other borrowings.

16. Debt Securities Issued

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Bonds	475.7	470.6
Promissory notes	193.9	122.2
Deposit certificates	1.1	0.3
Total debt securities issued	670.7	593.1

In February 2011, VTB issued USD 750 million (RUR 21.9 billion) Series 12 Eurobonds under European Medium Term Notes (EMTN) Programme 2 with maturity in February 2018 and a fixed coupon rate of 6.315% p.a. payable semi-annually.

16. Debt Securities Issued (continued)

In February 2011, VTB partially redeemed Series 9 Eurobonds in the amount of EUR 195 million (RUR 7.8 billion) under investor put option.

In February 2011, VTB 24 redeemed local bonds in the amount of RUR 10.0 billion under investor put option.

In June 2011, VTB issued SGD 300 million (RUR 6.8 billion) Series 13 Eurobonds under EMTN Programme 2 with maturity in June 2014 and a fixed coupon rate of 3.4% p.a. payable semi-annually.

In June 2011, VTB redeemed Series 5 Eurobonds under EMTN Programme 2 in the outstanding amount of EUR 900 million (RUR 36.3 billion) upon maturity.

In June 2011, VTB 24 redeemed Series 3 local bonds in the amount of RUR 6.0 billion under investor put option.

In June 2011, a subsidiary of "TransCreditBank", JSC redeemed RUR 3.0 billion of Series 2 local bonds upon maturity.

In June 2011, "TransCreditBank", JSC redeemed its Eurobonds in the outstanding amount of USD 303 million (RUR 8.4 billion) upon maturity.

In June 2011, VTB-Leasing Finance redeemed Series 3 local bonds in the amount of RUR 1.7 billion and Series 4 local bonds in the amount of RUR 2.0 billion under investor put option.

During nine months of 2011 VTB-Leasing Finance partially redeemed nominal value of Series 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 of local bonds in the total amount of RUR 3.7 billion.

In July 2011 "TransCreditBank", JSC redeemed RUR 5.0 billion of Series 3 local bonds upon maturity.

In the second and third quarters 2011 "VTB Capital", Plc issued notes under European Medium Term Notes (EMTN) Program in the amount of RUR 5.0 billion at a fixed rates ranging from 9.05% p.a. to 11.6% p.a. maturing from June 2014 till June 2016.

In September 2011 VTB 24 issued RUR-nominated mortgage-backed Series A bonds in the nominal amount of RUR 3.3 billion at a fixed rate of 9.0% and Series B bonds in the nominal amount of RUR 1.7 billion at a fixed rate of 3.0% with both bonds maturing in 2043.

During first half of 2011 "VTB Bank", PJSC (Ukraine) issued bonds in total amount of RUB 3.2 billion with maturity up to 2015 and a fixed coupon rate of 12% p.a.

In August 2011 VTB redeemed Series 6 Eurobonds under EMTN Programme 2 in the total amount of CHF 750 million (RUR 29.2 billion) upon maturity.

17. Subordinated Debt

On 29 September 2005, OJSC "Industry and Construction Bank" (further renamed to OJSC "Bank VTB North-West") issued USD 400 million subordinated Eurobonds due September 2015 with early redemption call option on 1 October 2010 at par. The Eurobonds bear interest rate at 6.2% p.a. payable semi-annually. From 1 October 2010 interest rate under the Eurobonds is equal to US Treasury yield increased by 226 b.p. and step-up of 150 b.p. In August 2010 the Group announced a decision not to exercise the redemption option. The transaction was structured as an issue of notes by Or-ICB S.A. (Luxembourg) for the purpose of financing a subordinated loan to OJSC "Bank VTB North-West". At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt was RUR 11.0 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 10.2 billion).

In October and November 2008, VTB received two subordinated loans of RUR 100 billion each with a rate of 8% p.a. maturing in December 2019 from Vnesheconombank (VEB), which is a related party to the Group. At 31 December 2008 in accordance with IAS 20 "Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance" the Group discounted these loans using an appropriate market rate adjusted for loan premium. In August 2010 an interest rate on these two subordinated loans was reduced from 8% to 6.5% p.a. in accordance with the Federal Law requirements. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt is RUR 179.2 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 178.0 billion).

Over a period from 2003 to 2009 "TransCreditBank", JSC received subordinated loans from JSC "RZD" and its related parties in the aggregate amount of RUR 13.1 billion with interest rates from 9% p.a. to 12.1% p.a. maturing in the period from December 2012 to January 2020. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt is RUR 15.1 billion. At 31 December 2010 the carrying amount of these subordinated loans was RUR 14.5 billion which represented the fair value determined on the acquisition date for the consolidation purposes.

17. Subordinated Debt (continued)

In July 2009, "TransCreditBank", JSC received a subordinated loan of RUR 2.9 billion with an interest rate of 8% p.a. maturing in October 2019 from Vnesheconombank (VEB), which is a related party to the Group. In August 2010 an interest rate on this subordinated loan was reduced from 8% to 6.5% p.a. in accordance with the Federal Law requirements. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt is RUR 2.9 billion. At 31 December 2010 the carrying amount of this subordinated loan was RUR 2.8 billion, which represented the fair value determined on the acquisition date for the consolidation purposes.

In November 2005, "Bank of Moscow", OJSC issued USD 300 million subordinated Loan Participation Notes due November 2015 bearing interest rate 7.5% p.a. payable semi-annually and with early redemption call option in November 2010, which was not exercised. From 25 November 2010 step-up interest rate was set at 5.967%, equal to 5-year US Treasury yield increased by 306.7 b.p. and step-up of 150 b.p. The transaction was structured as an issue of notes by Kuznetski Capital S.A. (Luxembourg) for the purpose of financing a subordinated loan to "Bank of Moscow", OJSC. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt was RUR 9.0 billion.

In December 2006, "Bank of Moscow", OJSC received a subordinated loan of USD 100 million with an interest rate of LIBOR + 2.65% p.a. maturing in December 2016 from Royal Bank of London N.V. (London). At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated loan was RUR 3.2 billion.

In May 2007, "Bank of Moscow", OJSC issued USD 400 million subordinated Loan Participation Notes due to May 2017 bearing interest rate 6.807% p.a. payable semi-annually and with early redemption call option in May 2012. The step-up interest rate is equal to 5-year US Treasury yield increased by 375 b.p. and step-up of 150 b.p. The transaction was structured as an issue of notes by Kuznetski Capital S.A. (Luxembourg) for the purpose of financing a subordinated loan to "Bank of Moscow", OJSC. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated debt was RUR 11.1 billion.

In October 2009, "Bank of Moscow", OJSC received a subordinated loan of RUR 11.1 billion with an interest rate of 8.0% p.a. maturing in December 2019 from Vnesheconombank (VEB), which is a related party to the Group. In August 2010 an interest rate on this subordinated loan was reduced to 6.5% p.a. in accordance with the Federal Law requirements. At 30 September 2011 the carrying amount of this subordinated loan was RUR 10.1 billion.

18. Interest Income and Expense

	<i>For the three-month period ended</i>		<i>For the nine-month period ended</i>	
	<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>		<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>	
	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>
Interest income				
Loans and advances to customers	89.1	75.4	248.4	228.4
Securities	8.1	5.3	21.1	16.6
Due from other banks	2.0	1.8	6.3	5.4
Total interest income	99.2	82.5	275.8	250.4
Interest expense				
Customer deposits	(27.8)	(21.8)	(75.0)	(64.3)
Debt securities issued	(8.2)	(10.4)	(27.4)	(30.5)
Subordinated debt	(4.2)	(4.1)	(12.4)	(13.1)
Due to banks and other borrowed funds	(5.0)	(3.1)	(11.9)	(13.0)
Total interest expense	(45.2)	(39.4)	(126.7)	(120.9)
Net interest income	54.0	43.1	149.1	129.5

19. Fee and Commission Income and Expense

	<i>For the three-month period ended</i>		<i>For the nine-month period ended</i>	
	<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>		<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>	
	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>
Commission on settlement transactions	6.5	4.1	17.2	11.2
Commission on guarantees issued and trade finance	1.7	1.0	4.4	3.3
Commission on cash transactions	1.3	0.7	3.2	1.9
Commission on operations with securities and on capital markets	1.4	0.8	5.5	3.4
Other	1.0	0.4	2.4	1.0
Total fee and commission income	11.9	7.0	32.7	20.8
Commission on settlement transactions	(1.5)	(0.5)	(3.3)	(1.5)
Commission on cash transactions	(0.6)	(0.2)	(1.2)	(0.7)
Other	(0.6)	(0.3)	(1.1)	(0.8)
Total fee and commission expense	(2.7)	(1.0)	(5.6)	(3.0)
Net fee and commission income	9.2	6.0	27.1	17.8

20. Staff Costs and Administrative Expenses

	<i>For the three-month period ended</i>		<i>For the nine-month period ended</i>	
	<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>		<i>30 September (unaudited)</i>	
	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>
Staff costs	8.0	12.5	44.4	34.3
Defined contribution pension expense	0.9	0.7	3.8	2.7
Depreciation and other expenses related to premises and equipment	4.0	3.2	11.8	7.9
Taxes other than on income	1.7	0.5	4.7	3.4
Leasing and rent expenses	1.6	1.2	4.5	3.5
Impairment, amortization and other expenses related to intangibles, except for core deposit intangible	1.3	0.4	2.8	1.2
Professional services	1.1	1.2	3.4	3.1
Advertising expenses	1.1	1.4	3.1	2.9
Participation in deposit insurance system	0.8	0.6	2.4	1.6
Post and telecommunication expenses	0.7	0.5	1.8	1.4
Charity	0.4	0.3	1.3	1.2
Security expenses	0.4	0.3	1.3	0.9
Amortization of core deposit intangible	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.7
Other	1.4	1.1	4.9	3.2
Total staff costs and administrative expenses	23.5	24.1	90.8	68.0

21. Allowances for Impairment and Provisions

The movements in allowances for impairment of due from other banks, loans and advances to customers, investment securities held-to-maturity, other assets and provisions for credit related commitments and legal claims were as follows (unaudited):

	Due from other banks	Loans and advances to customers	Investment securities held-to- maturity	Credit related commit- ments	Other assets	Legal claims	Total
Balance at 1 January 2010 (audited)	1.3	234.9	2.2	1.6	1.4	0.1	241.5
Provision for impairment / (Reversal of provision) during the period	0.5	40.1	(0.3)	0.1	1.8	0.1	42.3
Write-offs	–	(7.4)	–	–	(1.1)	–	(8.5)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous period	–	0.5	–	–	–	–	0.5
Currency translation difference	(0.1)	0.4	–	–	–	–	0.3
Balance at 30 September 2010	1.7	268.5	1.9	1.7	2.1	0.2	276.1
Balance at 1 January 2011 (audited)	2.9	274.2	2.0	1.6	2.4	0.1	283.2
(Reversal of provision) / provision for impairment during the period	(0.6)	25.9	–	(0.1)	0.8	(0.1)	25.9
Write-offs	–	(8.6)	–	–	(0.6)	–	(9.2)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous period	–	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.1
Currency translation difference	–	(1.7)	–	–	(0.1)	–	(1.8)
Acquisition of subsidiary	–	–	–	0.2	–	–	0.2
Balance at 30 September 2011	2.3	289.9	2.0	1.7	2.5	–	298.4

Allowances for impairment of assets are deducted from the carrying amounts of the related assets. Provisions for claims, guarantees and credit-related commitments are recorded in liabilities. In accordance with Russian legislation, loans may only be written off with the approval of the authorized management body and, in certain cases, with the respective decision of the Court.

22. Dividends and Retained Earnings

In June 2011 Annual General Meeting of OJSC VTB Bank shareholders declared dividends of RUR 6.1 billion for 2010 (RUR 0.00058 per share). In June 2010 Annual General Meeting of OJSC VTB Bank shareholders declared dividends of RUR 6.1 billion for 2009 (RUR 0.00058 per share).

In July 2011 Russian Commercial Bank (Cyprus) paid interim dividends in the amount of USD 100 million (RUR 2.8 billion), including USD 40 million (RUR 1.1 billion) attributable to non-controlling shareholders.

In accordance with the Russian legislation in April 2011, the Group made the binding offer to repurchase the non-controlling interests of “TransCreditBank”, JSC in the amount of RUR 27.3 billion as of 30 June 2011. The Group made the relevant accrual in Other liabilities with corresponding entry in retained earnings, as this transaction is defined as an equity transaction. This binding offer expired in early July 2011 and the Group acquired 6,957,836 shares under this offer. The Group reversed the outstanding amount of the accrual as of the date of offer expiration.

Later in July 2011 the Group has entered into a commitment through a forward purchase agreement to acquire a non-controlling interest share in “TransCreditBank”, JSC held by a related party to the Group. In accordance with the forward purchase agreement the settlement amount to be paid by the Group in the future period is calculated in accordance with a formula specified in the forward purchase agreement. The Group continues to recognize non-controlling interests in “TransCreditBank”, JSC over which the forward purchase agreement is concluded as the non-controlling shareholder has a present ownership interest in the underlying shares. As a result, as of 30 September 2011 the Group recognised financial liability of RUR 21.9 billion in the net present value of the redemption amount. The financial liability was recognized in Other Liabilities with corresponding entry in Retained Earnings. The financial liability is accounted for under IAS 39 with subsequent changes in the estimated liability recognized within the income statement.

23. Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding the average number of ordinary shares purchased by the Group and held as treasury shares.

The Group has no dilutive potential ordinary shares; therefore, the diluted earnings per share are equal to basic earnings per share.

	<i>For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)</i>		<i>For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)</i>	
	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent (in billions of Russian Roubles)	20.4	14.7	73.8	41.6
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	10,440,688,464,717	10,458,078,516,029	10,461,539,409,590	10,458,010,474,392
Basic and diluted earnings per share (expressed in Russian Roubles per share)	0.0020	0.0014	0.0071	0.0040

24. Income Tax

The Group's effective income tax rate for the nine months of 2011 was 23% (the nine months of 2010: 21%) which is close to the theoretical tax rate.

The Group includes subsidiaries incorporated and operating in various jurisdictions. In some jurisdictions where the Group operates tax, currency and customs legislation as currently in effect is subject to varying interpretations, and changes, which can occur frequently at short notice and may apply retroactively. Based upon its understanding of the applicable tax regulations Management of the Group believes that based upon the best estimates Group subsidiaries have paid or accrued all taxes that are applicable to their operations as of 30 September 2011, in all jurisdictions involved, and complied with all provisions of laws and regulations in the jurisdictions to which the Group is subject. If however the relevant tax authorities differently interpret the applicable tax legislation as applied to the transactions and activity of the Group, the tax position may be challenged; if the authorities were successful in enforcing their interpretation of these regulations, additional taxes, penalties and interest may be assessed, which may affect the financial position of the Group.

The following tables provide disclosure of income tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the three months ended 30 September 2011 and 30 September 2010 and for the nine months ended 30 September 2011 and 30 September 2010:

	<i>For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)</i>					
	<i>2011</i>			<i>2010</i>		
	<i>Before tax</i>	<i>Tax (expense)/ credit</i>	<i>Net of tax</i>	<i>Before tax</i>	<i>Tax (expense)/ credit</i>	<i>Net of tax</i>
Unrealized (loss) / gain on financial assets available-for-sale	(2.4)	0.2	(2.2)	0.8	(0.1)	0.7
Cash flow hedges	0.3	–	0.3	–	–	–
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(0.4)	0.1	(0.3)	(0.2)	–	(0.2)
Effect of translation	7.6	–	7.6	1.4	–	1.4
Other comprehensive income	5.1	0.3	5.4	2.0	(0.1)	1.9

24. Income Tax (continued)

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)					
	2011			2010		
	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ credit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ credit	Net of tax
Unrealized (loss) / gain on financial assets available-for-sale	2.1	(0.4)	1.7	(0.4)	0.1	(0.3)
Cash flow hedges	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	–
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(0.6)	0.1	(0.5)	(0.2)	–	(0.2)
Effect of translation	3.1	–	3.1	(1.1)	–	(1.1)
Other comprehensive income	4.7	(0.3)	4.4	(1.7)	0.1	(1.6)

25. Contingencies, Commitments and Derivative Financial Instruments

Legal proceedings. From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Group are received. At the reporting date the Group had several unresolved legal claims. Management is of the opinion that there would be no material outflow of resources and accordingly no material provision has been made in these financial statements.

Credit related commitments. The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as required. Guarantees that represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties carry the same credit risk as loans. Documentary and commercial letters of credit (L/Cs), which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorizing a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are collateralized by cash deposits and therefore carry less risk than direct borrowings.

Commitments to extend credit represent unused portions of authorizations to extend credit in the form of loans, guarantees, or letters of credit. With respect to credit risk on commitments to extend credit, the Group is potentially exposed to loss in an amount equal to the total unused commitments. However, the likely amount of loss is less than the total unused commitments since most commitments to extend credit are contingent upon customers maintaining specific credit standards and/or the Bank confirming its willingness to extend a loan.

The Group monitors the term to maturity of credit related commitments because longer-term commitments generally have a greater degree of credit risk than shorter-term commitments.

The total outstanding contractual amount of undrawn credit lines, letters of credit and guarantees does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as these financial instruments may expire or terminate without being funded.

Outstanding credit related commitments are as follows:

	30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Guarantees issued	367.4	216.5
Undrawn credit lines	364.7	190.3
Import letters of credit	37.7	29.2
Commitments to extend credit	267.8	176.3
Less: provision for impairment on credit related commitments (Note 21)	(1.7)	(1.6)
Total credit related commitments	1,035.9	610.7

The Bank received export letters of credit for further advising to its customers. The total amount of received letters of credit as at 30 September 2011 was RUR 141.8 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 154.0 billion). Commitments under import letters of credit and guarantees are collateralized by customer deposits of RUR 13.0 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 9.6 billion).

At 30 September 2011, included in guarantees issued are guarantees issued for a related Russian company of RUR 27.6 billion or 8% of the guarantees issued. At 31 December 2010, included in guarantees issued are guarantees issued for 2 related Russian companies of RUR 48.1 billion or 22% of the guarantees issued.

Movements in the allowance for impairment on credit related commitments are disclosed in Note 21.

25. Contingencies, Commitments and Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)**Cash flow hedges**

The Group is exposed to variability in future variable interest cash flows on its debt financial instruments. The Group uses interest rate swaps (IRSs) as cash flow hedges of risks of change in the benchmark interest rates relating to these cash flows. In the third quarter 2011 the Group has discontinued its outstanding cash flow hedges by termination of hedging instruments and receiving the payment of RUR 0.5 billion.

Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are used by the Group to protect it against the changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities due to movements in interest and currency rates. The financial instruments hedged for interest rate risk and currency risk include debt securities issued.

For the period ended 30 September 2011 the Group recognized a net loss from hedging item of RUR 0.1 billion against the net gain of RUR 0.1 billion on the hedged items attributable to the hedged risk.

For the period ended 30 September 2010 the Group recognized a net gain from hedging item of RUR 0.3 billion against the net loss of RUR 0.3 billion on the hedged items attributable to the hedged risk.

26. Analysis by Segment

In accordance with IFRS 8, *Operating Segments*, the Group defined as the major operating segments the global business lines. Majority of the Group's entities' activities and resources are allocated and managed and their performance is assessed based on the respective global business line segment information. These operating segments represented by the global business lines are accompanied by entity based segments of those Group's entities that have not yet been integrated into the global business lines as of the reporting date. On this basis, the Group aggregated these operating segments in accordance with IFRS 8 into the following reportable segments: Corporate-Investment banking (CIB) (Investment banking, Loans and Deposits, Transaction banking subsegments), Retail banking, CIS and Georgia, Europe and Other.

This segment disclosure is presented on the basis of IFRS compliant data of the global business lines and entities adjusted, where necessary, for intersegment reallocation. Qualitative and quantitative information about operating segments is reported to the appropriate operating decision makers for the purposes of making operating decisions on allocation of resources to the segment and assessment of its performance.

The change in reportable segment composition is mainly caused by the change in the system of the Group management and the integration of activities of certain entities into the global business lines. The united Corporate-Investment Banking function in the Group was established in the first quarter 2011, which resulted in the combination of Corporate business and Investment business reportable segments data presented in 2010 annual consolidated financial statements into the one Corporate-Investment banking (CIB) segment with further subdivision to 3 subsegments as described above. Additionally following the further integration of activities of "TransCreditBank", JSC, "VTB Bank", PJSC (Ukraine) and "Bank of Moscow", OJSC into the Group's global business lines such as CIB and Retail banking, the data for these subsidiaries is presented within CIB, Retail and Other segments starting from the second ("TransCreditBank", JSC) and the third quarter 2011 ("VTB Bank", PJSC (Ukraine) and "Bank of Moscow", OJSC).

Revenues disclosed in the note include the following: interest income, fee and commission income, other operating income, income arising from non-banking activities, gains less losses from financial assets available-for-sale, gains less losses arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, gains less losses from dealing in foreign currencies together with foreign exchange translation gains less losses, gains less losses arising from extinguishment of liability and share in income of associates. Each element is included in calculation of revenues by each subsegment / segment without subsegments in case it is positive for this subsegment / segment without subsegments. The totals are calculated as sum of the line components.

Intersegment transactions were executed predominantly in the normal course of business.

VTB Bank
Selected notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 September 2011
(in billions of Russian Roubles)
26. Analysis by Segment (continued)

Segment information for the reportable segments of the Group at 30 September 2011 (unaudited) and results for the nine months ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited) is set out below:

	<u>Corporate-Investment banking (CIB)</u>									<i>Total before Inter- segment eliminations</i>	<i>Inter- segment eliminations</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>Investment banking</i>	<i>Loans and Deposits</i>	<i>Transaction banking</i>	<i>Inter-CIB eliminations</i>	<i>Total CIB</i>	<i>Retail banking</i>	<i>CIS and Georgia</i>	<i>Europe</i>	<i>Other</i>			
For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2011:												
Revenues from:												
External customers	33.9	182.3	8.8	–	225.0	96.9	4.8	10.9	9.0	346.6	–	346.6
Other segments	29.6	26.3	10.8	(53.6)	13.1	21.9	–	1.1	1.5	37.6	(37.6)	–
Total revenues	63.5	208.6	19.6	(53.6)	238.1	118.8	4.8	12.0	10.5	384.2	(37.6)	346.6
Segment income and expense												
Interest income	43.1	183.4	10.7	(42.3)	194.9	99.8	3.8	9.8	0.7	309.0	(33.2)	275.8
Interest expense	(31.6)	(113.2)	(1.4)	42.3	(103.9)	(45.6)	(1.6)	(4.0)	(4.8)	(159.9)	33.2	(126.7)
Net interest income	11.5	70.2	9.3	–	91.0	54.2	2.2	5.8	(4.1)	149.1	–	149.1
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision for impairment of debt financial assets	0.2	(14.7)	–	–	(14.5)	(7.6)	(0.4)	–	(0.2)	(22.7)	(2.6)	(25.3)
Net interest income after provision for impairment	11.7	55.5	9.3	–	76.5	46.6	1.8	5.8	(4.3)	126.4	(2.6)	123.8
(Losses net of gains) / gains less losses arising from other financial instruments	1.5	(2.3)	–	–	(0.8)	0.1	–	(0.2)	(0.1)	(1.0)	–	(1.0)
Gains less losses arising from extinguishment of liability	–	0.2	–	–	0.2	–	–	–	–	0.2	–	0.2
Net recovery of losses / (losses) on initial recognition of financial instruments and on loans restructuring	–	10.3	–	–	10.3	(0.2)	–	–	–	10.1	–	10.1
Gains less losses / (losses net of gains) arising from dealing in foreign currencies	(4.1)	7.9	–	–	3.8	2.0	4.7	–	0.1	10.6	–	10.6
Foreign exchange translation (losses net of gains) / gains less losses	0.1	(4.4)	–	0.3	(4.0)	(0.1)	(4.4)	0.1	–	(8.4)	–	(8.4)
Net fee and commission income / (expense)	4.1	2.5	8.3	(0.1)	14.8	12.4	0.5	1.3	(2.1)	26.9	0.2	27.1
Share in income / (loss) of associates and joint ventures	–	7.7	–	–	7.7	–	–	0.1	(0.1)	7.7	–	7.7
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision for impairment of other assets and credit related commitments	–	(0.7)	–	–	(0.7)	–	–	–	0.1	(0.6)	–	(0.6)
Other operating income / (expense)	11.3	(0.9)	–	(0.2)	10.2	0.9	0.2	0.4	4.4	16.1	(1.6)	14.5
Operating income	24.6	75.8	17.6	–	118.0	61.7	2.8	7.5	(2.0)	188.0	(4.0)	184.0
Staff costs and administrative expenses	(9.1)	(37.0)	(3.8)	0.3	(49.6)	(33.6)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	(92.2)	1.4	(90.8)
Profit from disposal of associates	–	1.5	–	–	1.5	–	–	–	–	1.5	–	1.5
Segment results: Profit before taxation	15.5	40.3	13.8	0.3	69.9	28.1	0.8	5.5	(7.0)	97.3	(2.6)	94.7
Income tax expense	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(22.1)
Net profit												72.6

VTB Bank

Selected notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 September 2011

(in billions of Russian Roubles)

26. Analysis by Segment (continued)

	<u>Corporate-Investment banking (CIB)</u>					Retail banking	CIS and Georgia	Europe	Other	Total before Inter- segment eliminations	Inter- segment eliminations	Total
	Investment banking	Loans and Deposits	Transaction banking	Inter-CIB eliminations	Total CIB							
As at 30 September 2011:												
Cash and short-term funds	20.7	214.9	–	(1.4)	234.2	81.2	5.1	17.9	7.3	345.7	(27.0)	318.7
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks	–	45.0	–	–	45.0	12.3	1.4	1.1	–	59.8	–	59.8
Due from other banks	382.1	331.1	446.2	(819.0)	340.4	528.0	1.9	155.7	3.6	1,029.6	(638.1)	391.5
Loans and advances to customers	206.6	3,100.4	–	(90.4)	3,216.6	784.9	36.9	189.4	5.1	4,232.9	(93.8)	4,139.1
Other financial instruments	526.2	291.3	–	(26.2)	791.3	21.4	6.7	24.7	2.2	846.3	(28.3)	818.0
Investments in associates and joint ventures	5.8	26.5	–	–	32.3	–	–	1.0	2.2	35.5	–	35.5
Other assets items	30.4	329.6	1.1	(0.7)	360.4	29.6	4.2	6.8	175.0	576.0	(1.6)	574.4
Segment assets	1,171.8	4,338.8	447.3	(937.7)	5,020.2	1,457.4	56.2	396.6	195.4	7,125.8	(788.8)	6,337.0
Due to other banks	263.3	1,554.2	–	(883.8)	933.7	31.0	16.9	256.4	12.7	1,250.7	(641.6)	609.1
Customer deposits	506.3	1,327.0	447.2	(7.4)	2,273.1	1,224.6	23.6	38.5	0.5	3,560.3	(9.4)	3,550.9
Other borrowed funds	53.5	323.4	–	–	376.9	23.2	2.2	5.0	84.7	492.0	(82.3)	409.7
Debt securities issued	132.5	511.5	–	(6.2)	637.8	28.6	1.0	3.6	0.2	671.2	(0.5)	670.7
Subordinated debt	19.1	245.1	–	(22.5)	241.7	18.2	1.5	35.6	0.2	297.2	(55.6)	241.6
Other liabilities items	98.5	90.1	0.1	(17.7)	171.0	7.3	0.5	27.1	26.8	232.7	(2.8)	229.9
Segment liabilities	1,073.2	4,051.3	447.3	(937.6)	4,634.2	1,332.9	45.7	366.2	125.1	6,504.1	(792.2)	5,711.9

VTB Bank
Selected notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 September 2011
(in billions of Russian Roubles)
26. Analysis by Segment (continued)

Segment information for the reportable segments of the Group at 31 December 2010 (unaudited) and results for the nine months ended 30 September 2010 (unaudited) is set out below:

	<u>Corporate-Investment banking (CIB)</u>									<i>Total before Inter- segment eliminations</i>	<i>Inter- segment eliminations</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>Investment banking</i>	<i>Loans and Deposits</i>	<i>Transaction banking</i>	<i>Inter-CIB eliminations</i>	<i>Total CIB</i>	<i>Retail banking</i>	<i>CIS and Georgia</i>	<i>Europe</i>	<i>Other</i>			
For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2010:												
Revenues from:												
External customers	32.6	164.8	6.5	–	203.9	74.7	3.8	9.3	4.4	296.1	–	296.1
Other segments	25.7	17.8	8.6	(45.1)	7.0	10.7	–	0.4	0.7	18.8	(18.8)	–
Total revenues	58.3	182.6	15.1	(45.1)	210.9	85.4	3.8	9.7	5.1	314.9	(18.8)	296.1
Segment income and expense												
Interest income	36.6	178.2	8.4	(40.8)	182.4	73.6	3.0	7.5	0.5	267.0	(16.6)	250.4
Interest expense	(29.6)	(104.1)	(1.9)	40.8	(94.8)	(34.3)	(1.5)	(2.9)	(4.0)	(137.5)	16.6	(120.9)
Net interest income	7.0	74.1	6.5	–	87.6	39.3	1.5	4.6	(3.5)	129.5	–	129.5
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision for impairment of debt financial assets	0.8	(27.4)	–	–	(26.6)	(11.7)	(0.6)	(1.5)	–	(40.4)	0.1	(40.3)
Net interest income after provision for impairment	7.8	46.7	6.5	–	61.0	27.6	0.9	3.1	(3.5)	89.1	0.1	89.2
Gains less losses / (losses net of gains) arising from other financial instruments	12.3	(4.8)	–	–	7.5	–	–	0.4	–	7.9	–	7.9
Net recovery of losses / (losses) on initial recognition of financial instruments and on loans restructuring	–	0.1	–	–	0.1	(0.2)	–	–	–	(0.1)	–	(0.1)
(Losses net of gains) / gains less losses arising from dealing in foreign currencies	1.3	(7.8)	–	–	(6.5)	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	(5.7)	–	(5.7)
Foreign exchange translation gains less losses	1.0	5.2	–	–	6.2	1.1	–	0.1	–	7.4	–	7.4
Net fee and commission income / (expense)	1.3	1.6	6.3	–	9.2	7.8	0.3	1.2	(0.8)	17.7	0.1	17.8
Share in (loss) / income of associates and joint ventures	0.2	0.2	–	–	0.4	–	–	–	(0.5)	(0.1)	–	(0.1)
Provision charge for impairment of other assets and credit related commitments	–	(1.3)	–	–	(1.3)	(0.1)	–	–	(0.6)	(2.0)	–	(2.0)
Other operating income / (expense)	5.1	(2.0)	–	(0.2)	2.9	0.8	0.2	–	0.8	4.7	(0.7)	4.0
Operating income	29.0	37.9	12.8	(0.2)	79.5	37.2	1.7	5.0	(4.5)	118.9	(0.5)	118.4
Staff costs and administrative expenses	(11.4)	(26.9)	(2.1)	0.3	(40.1)	(22.3)	(1.5)	(2.1)	(2.6)	(68.6)	0.6	(68.0)
Impairment of goodwill	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(1.1)	(1.1)	–	(1.1)
Profit from disposal of associates	0.1	–	–	–	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.1	–	0.1
Segment results: Profit before taxation	17.7	11.0	10.7	0.1	39.5	14.9	0.2	2.9	(8.2)	49.3	0.1	49.4
Income tax expense	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(10.6)
Net profit												38.8

VTB Bank

Selected notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 September 2011

(in billions of Russian Roubles)

26. Analysis by Segment (continued)

	<u>Corporate-Investment banking (CIB)</u>					Retail banking	CIS and Georgia	Europe	Other	Total before Inter- segment eliminations	Inter- segment eliminations	Total
	Investment banking	Loans and Deposits	Transaction banking	Inter-CIB eliminations	Total CIB							
As at 31 December 2010:												
Cash and short-term funds	7.1	190.7	–	(2.0)	195.8	71.6	5.9	13.2	4.2	290.7	(15.2)	275.5
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks	–	18.6	–	–	18.6	5.5	0.7	1.6	–	26.4	–	26.4
Due from other banks	484.4	277.7	334.9	(809.3)	287.7	313.7	0.7	129.9	3.0	735.0	(385.1)	349.9
Loans and advances to customers	132.6	2,037.3	–	(46.9)	2,123.0	556.2	28.3	128.3	3.7	2,839.5	(54.1)	2,785.4
Other financial instruments	282.5	148.6	–	(3.2)	427.9	22.9	3.4	21.7	3.3	479.2	(27.6)	451.6
Investments in associates and joint ventures	1.7	10.1	–	–	11.8	–	–	1.0	2.9	15.7	–	15.7
Other assets items	20.2	194.8	–	(0.2)	214.8	19.2	4.0	6.5	148.3	392.8	(6.4)	386.4
Segment assets	928.5	2,877.8	334.9	(861.6)	3,279.6	989.1	43.0	302.2	165.4	4,779.3	(488.4)	4,290.9
Due to other banks	133.2	1,205.3	–	(825.3)	513.2	26.3	9.0	208.5	5.5	762.5	(365.2)	397.3
Customer deposits	547.0	528.8	334.9	(12.9)	1,397.8	784.2	19.5	17.5	0.7	2,219.7	(6.8)	2,212.9
Other borrowed funds	52.0	110.2	–	–	162.2	11.9	1.5	7.7	63.3	246.6	(60.9)	185.7
Debt securities issued	72.0	479.8	–	(1.8)	550.0	41.0	2.1	1.7	0.3	595.1	(2.0)	593.1
Subordinated debt	18.3	207.7	–	(20.4)	205.6	18.0	1.5	32.7	–	257.8	(52.3)	205.5
Other liabilities items	44.4	45.4	–	(0.8)	89.0	9.6	0.6	4.8	20.9	124.9	(6.7)	118.2
Segment liabilities	866.9	2,577.2	334.9	(861.2)	2,917.8	891.0	34.2	272.9	90.7	4,206.6	(493.9)	3,712.7

27. Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group classifies fair value measurements of financial instruments using the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: all inputs in valuation models are directly or indirectly observable;
- Level 3: inputs in valuation models are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy as at 30 September 2011 (unaudited):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial assets held for trading	476.4	32.3	4.0	512.7
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	26.7	2.3	9.9	38.9
Trading Derivative financial instruments	9.6	91.8	1.1	102.5
Hedging Derivative financial instruments	–	0.5	–	0.5
Financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets				
Financial assets held for trading	22.0	–	–	22.0
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	4.1	0.1	–	4.2
Financial assets available-for-sale	3.9	–	–	3.9
Financial assets available-for-sale	19.1	19.2	43.6	81.9
Financial liabilities				
Trading Derivative financial instruments	(9.6)	(79.5)	(0.2)	(89.3)

For financial instruments carried at fair value, the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair values are categorized as follows as at 31 December 2010:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial assets held for trading	261.1	17.2	2.8	281.1
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	23.0	1.2	0.4	24.6
Trading Derivative financial instruments	0.4	37.5	1.0	38.9
Hedging Derivative financial instruments	–	0.6	–	0.6
Financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets				
Financial assets held for trading	7.5	–	–	7.5
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	1.0	2.4	–	3.4
Financial assets available-for-sale	4.7	–	–	4.7
Financial assets available-for-sale	25.5	7.6	22.8	55.9
Financial liabilities				
Trading Derivative financial instruments	(0.6)	(35.4)	–	(36.0)

The tables above illustrate the classification of the Group's financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy as required for complete sets of financial statements. This classification provides a reasonable basis to illustrate the nature and extent of risks associated with those financial instruments.

27. Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are mainly dependent on the change of input variables used to determine fair value, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates. A significant portion of the available-for-sale financial assets in Level 3 is invested in shares of a non-listed companies which are valued based on non-market observable information. Changes in assumptions can lead to adjustments in the fair value of the investment.

The Group enters into a number of cross currency interest rate swaps to hedge the risks associated with fluctuating foreign exchange rates and interest rates for bonds issued by the Group. Changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other basic assets for those derivatives not designated in hedge relationships therefore have a direct impact on the financial assets and liabilities recognized in the statement of financial position.

Movement in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

A reconciliation of movements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy by class of instruments for the period ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited) is as follows:

	<i>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</i>			
	<i>Financial assets held for trading</i>	<i>Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss</i>	<i>Financial assets available-for-sale</i>	<i>Financial derivative assets and liabilities (net)</i>
Fair value at 1 January 2011 (audited)	2.8	0.4	22.8	1.0
Gains or losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	–	0.8	4.0	(0.1)
Gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income	–	–	0.8	–
Purchases	0.3	9.1	19.9	–
Sales	(1.2)	–	(9.7)	–
Acquisition of subsidiary	2.1	–	7.7	–
Transfers out of Level 3	–	(0.4)	(1.9)	–
Fair value at 30 September 2011	4.0	9.9	43.6	0.9
Unrealized gains less losses recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the current period for assets held at 30 September 2011	–	0.8	0.8	(0.1)

A reconciliation of movements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy by class of instruments for the period ended 30 September 2010 (unaudited) is as follows:

	<i>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</i>			
	<i>Financial assets held for trading</i>	<i>Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss</i>	<i>Financial assets available-for-sale</i>	<i>Financial derivative assets and liabilities (net)</i>
Fair value at 1 January 2010 (audited)	–	1.6	18.1	1.0
Gains or losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	–	(0.2)	–	0.1
Gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income	–	–	(0.1)	–
Purchases	0.3	–	1.1	–
Sales	–	(0.7)	(0.3)	–
Eliminated at consolidation	–	–	(2.6)	–
Transfers into Level 3	0.1	–	0.2	–
Fair value at 30 September 2010	0.4	0.7	16.4	1.1
Unrealized gains less losses recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the current period for assets held at 30 September 2010	–	(0.2)	(0.1)	0.1

27. Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)**Transfers between levels**

During the period ended 30 September 2011, the Group transferred financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets available-for-sale from Level 3 to Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy in the carrying amount of RUR 2.0 billion. The remaining amount of RUR 0.3 billion was reclassified to investments in associates. The reason for the transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 is that inputs to the valuation models became observable. Prior to transfer, the fair value of the instruments was determined incorporating significant non market-observable inputs.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period ended 30 September 2011.

There have been no transfers out of Level 3, between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period ended 30 September 2010.

28. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions as defined by IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

Transactions and balances with related parties comprise transactions and balances with Russian government-related entities (both directly and indirectly) and associates and joint ventures and are stated in the tables below:

Statements of financial position (unaudited)

	30 September 2011		31 December 2010	
	Government- related entities	Associates and joint ventures	Government- related entities	Associates and joint ventures
Assets				
Cash and short-term funds	113.8	–	104.8	–
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks	48.9	–	19.0	–
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	336.2	–	164.2	–
Financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets	29.5	–	9.0	–
Due from other banks	29.3	1.3	82.8	3.7
Loans and advances to customers	1,123.7	31.3	391.7	12.4
Allowance for loan impairment	(16.0)	(0.6)	(16.9)	(1.6)
Financial assets available-for-sale	19.1	–	8.3	0.3
Investment securities held-to-maturity	32.3	–	32.7	–
Liabilities				
Due to other banks	169.0	2.7	75.5	1.3
Customer deposits	1,447.6	13.6	565.8	3.5
Other borrowed funds	216.5	–	170.2	–
Subordinated debt	207.3	–	195.3	–
Credit Related Commitments				
Guarantees issued	125.1	0.8	136.7	0.7
Undrawn credit lines	108.0	–	27.6	–
Import letters of credit	4.9	–	2.8	–
Commitments to extend credit	47.7	1.7	40.0	1.7
Other credit related commitments	–	–	1.0	–

Income statements

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2011	2010
Interest income		
Loans and advances to customers	24.8	32.6
Securities	12.7	12.4
Due from other banks	2.1	1.7
Interest expense		
Customer deposits	(21.3)	(20.1)
Due to other banks and other borrowed funds	(2.8)	(6.2)
Subordinated debt	(12.0)	(12.8)
Recovery of impairment	1.9	3.8

28. Related Party Transactions (continued)

For the nine month-period ended 30 September 2011, the total remuneration of the directors and key management personnel of the Group including pension contributions amounted to RUR 3.5 billion (30 September 2010: RUR 3.1 billion). Key management personnel include VTB Supervisory Council, VTB Management Board, VTB Statutory Audit Committee and key management of subsidiaries. Loans to the directors and key management personnel as at 30 September 2011 amounted to RUR 0.5 billion (31 December 2010: RUR 0.5 billion).

29. Consolidated Subsidiaries

The principal subsidiaries included in these financial statements are presented in the table below:

Name	Activity	Country of registration	Percentage of ownership	
			30 September 2011 (unaudited)	31 December 2010
Subsidiaries:				
"VTB Bank (Austria)" AG	Banking	Austria	100.00%	100.00%
"Russian Commercial Bank (Cyprus) Limited"	Banking	Cyprus	60.00%	60.00%
"VTB Bank", PJSC (Ukraine)	Banking	Ukraine	99.97%	99.97%
"VTB Bank (Armenia)", CJSC	Banking	Armenia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Bank (Georgia)", JSC	Banking	Georgia	96.31%	96.31%
"VTB Bank (Belarus)", CJSC	Banking	Belarus	71.42%	71.42%
"Bank VTB 24", CJSC	Banking	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"TransCreditBank", JSC	Banking	Russia	74.48%	43.18%
"Bank of Moscow", OJSC	Banking	Russia	80.57%	–
"Bezhitsa-Bank", OJSC	Banking	Russia	100.00%	–
"Bank Moscow-Minsk", OJSC	Banking	Belarus	100.00%	–
"BM Bank", JSC	Banking	Ukraine	100.00%	–
"Mosvodokanalbank", OJSC	Banking	Russia	65.87%	–
"Bank of Moscow - Belgrade", JSC	Banking	Serbia	100.00%	–
"VTB Bank (Deutschland)", AG	Banking	Germany	100.00%	100.00%
"Bank VTB (Kazakhstan)", JSC	Banking	Kazakhstan	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Bank (Azerbaijan)", OJSC	Banking	Azerbaijan	51.00%	51.00%
"Bank VTB North-West", OJSC	Banking	Russia	n/a	100.00%
"VTB Bank (France)"	Banking	France	87.04%	87.04%
"VTB Capital", Plc	Banking	Great Britain	95.54%	95.54%
"Banco VTB Africa S.A."	Banking	Angola	66.00%	66.00%
"VTB Capital (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited"	Investment	Namibia	50.33%	50.33%
"Multicarta", Ltd	Plastic cards (processing)	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"ITC Consultants (Cyprus)", Ltd	Finance	Cyprus	100.00%	100.00%
"VB-Service", Ltd	Commerce	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Almaz-Press", CJSC	Publishing	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Leasing", OJSC	Leasing	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Embassy Development Limited"	Finance	Jersey	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Development", CJSC	Development	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Europe Strategic Investments Limited"	Investment	Great Britain	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Europe Finance", B.V.	Finance	Netherlands	100.00%	100.00%
"Nevsky Property", Ltd	Property	Cyprus	100.00%	100.00%
"Business-Finance", Ltd	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Dolgovo centre", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Sistema Leasing 24", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Capital", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Insurance Company VTB-Insurance", Ltd	Insurance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Leasing Ukraine", Ltd	Leasing	Ukraine	100.00%	100.00%
"Capablue", Ltd	Leasing	Ireland	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Leasing (Europe)", Ltd	Leasing	Cyprus	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Leasing Finance", Ltd	Finance	Russia	99.99%	99.99%
"VTB-Leasing", Ltd	Leasing	Belarus	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB-Leasing Capital", Ltd	Finance	Ireland	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Specialized Depository", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Capital Asset Management", CJSC	Finance	Russia	19.00%	19.00%
"Holding VTB Capital", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Financial Assistant", CJSC	Finance	Russia	99.67%	–
"VTB Registrar", CJSC	Finance	Russia	100.00%	20.00%
"VTB Factoring", Ltd	Factoring	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"Hals-Development", OJSC	Real Estate	Russia	51.24%	51.24%
"M", CJSC	Real Estate	Russia	100.00%	100.00%
"VTB Arena", CJSC	Real Estate	Russia	75.00%	75.00%
"VTB Real Estate", LLC	Real Estate	Russia	100.00%	–
"Hotel and Office Complex "Peking", OJSC	Real Estate	Russia	100.00%	–
"Citer Invest", B.V.	Real Estate	Netherlands	50.50%	–

29. Consolidated Subsidiaries (continued)

In January 2011 Management Company "Dinamo", CJSC sold its 50.92% stake in Football Club "Dinamo", CJSC to Petrovsky Park Arena, CJSC. In July 2011 the Group renegotiated the investment agreements between co-investors (incl. Football Club "Dinamo", CJSC) and developer Management Company "Dinamo", CJSC and materially finalized the Project concept. As a result of these transactions non-controlling interest decreased by RUR 1.8 billion.

In March 2011, "VTB Dolgovoi centre", CJSC, a 100%-owned Group's subsidiary, issued 2,825.2 million additional ordinary shares with nominal value of RUR 2,825.2 million, which are fully purchased by VTB at par.

In March 2011, VTB North-West ceased its operations as a subsidiary of VTB following the legal merger of VTB and VTB North-West. As a result of the legal merger RUR 2.4 billion of currency translation difference was transferred to the retained earnings.

In April 2011, VTB established a 100% subsidiary "VTB Real Estate", LLC to manage its investment property projects.

In June 2011, "Bank VTB (Kazakhstan)", JSC issued 1,100,000 additional ordinary shares with nominal value of KZT 10,000 each for KZT 11 billion (RUR 2.1 billion), which were fully purchased by the Group.

In July and August 2011, the Group increased its ownership share in "TransCreditBank", JSC from 43.18% to 74.48% by purchasing 715,694,742 shares from the non-controlling interests for RUR 17.4 billion including 6,957,836 shares purchased under the binding offer.

30. Business Combinations and Disposal of Subsidiaries

In March 2011 the Group acquired a 100% ownership share in OJSC "Hotel and Office Complex "Peking" for RUR 1.7 billion which was equal to the fair value of the identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

In May 2011, the Group purchased 80% of shares of "VTB Registrar", CJSC (former "Central United Registrar" CJSC) for USD 4.5 million (RUR 0.1 billion) increasing its share to 100% in "VTB Registrar", CJSC.

In June 2011, the Group sold its 51% stake in "TCB Capital", CJSC (a subsidiary of "TransCreditBank", JSC) for RUR 0.4 billion to a third party. As at the date of disposal the net assets of "TCB Capital", CJSC amounted to RUR 0.9 billion and cash items disposed amounted to RUR 1.5 billion.

In June 2011, the Group purchased 50.5% of shares of "Citer Invest", B.V. for USD 45.6 million (RUR 1.3 billion). At the date of acquisition the fair value of the net assets was RUR 2.4 billion and the share of non-controlling interest in the net assets of the acquired company was RUR 1.2 billion. As a result of the acquisition the Group recognized goodwill of RUR 0.1 billion.

On 30 September 2011 the Group obtained control in "Bank of Moscow", OJSC increasing its share to 80.57% through a 100% subsidiary of the Group "VTB Dolgovoi centre", CJSC. "VTB Dolgovoi centre", CJSC acquired "Bank of Moscow", OJSC shares from the third parties, which are not related to the Group, and the Group's associate. The transaction was done in accordance with the General Agreement on measures for financial support of "Bank of Moscow", OJSC which was signed in July 2011 by "Bank of Moscow", OJSC, the Deposit Insurance Agency and the Group companies.

The Group acquired "Bank of Moscow", OJSC implementing its strategy of further increasing its retail and corporate market share and improving profitability through economies of scale.

The goodwill is primarily attributable to the profitability of the acquired business, potential synergies and combined cost savings. The goodwill will not be deductible for tax purposes in future periods.

The non-controlling interest has been recognised as a proportion of net assets acquired.

The gross contractual amounts of loans and advances to customers of "Bank of Moscow", OJSC at the acquisition date amounted to RUR 918.7 billion. The estimate of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected amounted to RUR 273.7 billion.

30. Business Combinations (continued)

For the purpose of determining goodwill from the acquisition the final fair values of identifiable assets and liabilities of "Bank of Moscow", OJSC based on results of an independent external appraisal at the acquisition date were as follows:

	<i>Fair value</i>
Assets	
Cash and short-term funds	61.1
Mandatory reserve deposits with central banks	8.2
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16.8
Financial assets pledged under repurchase agreements and loaned financial assets	13.1
Due from other banks	78.5
Loans and advances to customers	653.3
Financial assets available-for-sale	18.6
Investments in associates	6.0
Investment securities held-to-maturity	0.2
Premises and equipment	14.8
Investment property	3.3
Intangible assets	26.9
Deferred tax asset	11.8
Other assets	10.4
Total assets	923.0
Liabilities	
Due to other banks	47.1
Customer deposits	513.1
Other borrowed funds	153.9
Debt securities issued	75.8
Deferred tax liability	6.5
Subordinated debt	36.0
Other liabilities	6.1
Total liabilities	838.5
Fair value of identifiable net assets of subsidiary	84.5
Goodwill arising from the acquisition:	
Consideration paid	50.2
Non-controlling interests (proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets)	16.5
Fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree	99.2
Less: fair value of identifiable net assets of subsidiary	(84.5)
Goodwill arising from the acquisition	81.4

31. Capital Management and Capital Adequacy

The CBR requires banks to maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio of 10.0% of risk-weighted assets, computed based on Russian accounting legislation. As of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 the Bank's capital adequacy ratio on this basis exceeded the statutory minimum.

The Group's international risk based capital adequacy ratio, computed in accordance with the Basel Accord guidelines issued in 1988, with subsequent amendments including the amendment to incorporate market risks, as of 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 was 13.2% and 16.8%, respectively. These ratios exceeded the minimum ratio of 8.0% recommended by the Basel Accord.

32. Subsequent Events

In October 2011, VTB invested RUR 2.4 billion to VTB Arena share capital, VTB's share in the company has not changed.

In October 2011, Shareholders' Meeting of Bank of Moscow made a decision to issue 100,000,000 ordinary shares at 1,111.77 RUR per share.

In October 2011, VTB 24 redeemed Series 1 local bonds in the amount of RUR 6.0 billion.

In October 2011, VTB redeemed Series 4 Eurobonds in the amount of USD 450 million (RUR 14.1 billion).

In November 2011 "VTB Capital", Plc redeemed Eurobonds in the outstanding amount of UAH 672 million (RUR 2.7 billion) upon maturity.

In November 2011, VTB issued CHF 300 million (RUR 10.0 billion) Series 14 Eurobonds under European Medium Term Notes (EMTN) Programme 2 with maturity in November 2015 and a fixed coupon rate of 5% p.a. payable annually.